



September 24, 2012



VIA E-FILING & OVERNIGHT MAIL

Walter Thomas, Jr., Secretary
Alabama Public Service Commission
100 North Union Street, Suite 850
Montgomery, AL 36104

Re: Request for Approval of Interconnection Agreement between CenturyTel of Alabama, LLC d/b/a CenturyLink and Pine Belt Cellular, Inc., d/b/a Pine Belt Wireless entities operating in Alabama

Dear Mr. Thomas:

Pursuant to Alabama Public Service Commission (Commission) Rule T-27 and the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (the Act), attached are original and one copy of the Interconnection agreement between CenturyTel of Alabama, LLC d/b/a CenturyLink (CenturyLink) and Pine Belt Cellular, Inc., d/b/a Pine Belt Wireless (Pine Belt). This document has been filed with the Commission via the electronic filing system.

Both parties represent that to the best of their knowledge, this Agreement does not discriminate against any other telecommunications carriers and that this Agreement is consistent with the provisions of the Telecommunications Act of 1996. Both parties respectfully request Commission approval of this Agreement.

If there are any questions regarding this matter please contact Roberta Cooper at 850-599-1563.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Cathy J. Quinn".

Cathy J. Quinn
Regional Manager- Carrier Relations

**INTERCONNECTION AND RECIPROCAL COMPENSATION
AGREEMENT FOR WIRELESS CARRIERS**

By and between

CENTURYTEL OF ALABAMA DBA CENTURYLINK

AND

**PINE BELT CELLULAR, INC., DBA PINE BELT WIRELESS
FOR THE STATE ALABAMA**

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AGREEMENT

PREFACE & RECITALS

This Two-Way Wireless Type 1/Type 2 Interconnection Agreement (the "Agreement"), is by and between CenturyTel of Alabama dba CenturyLink, with its address for purposes of this Agreement at 100 CenturyLink Drive, Monroe, Louisiana 71203 ("CenturyLink"), and Pine Belt Cellular, Inc. dba Pine Belt Wireless, a Commercial Mobile Radio Service ("CMRS") provider which operates pursuant to licenses issued by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC"), with its address for this Agreement at 3984 CR 32, PO Box 279, Arlington, AL 36722("Pine Belt"), CenturyLink and Pine Belt being referred to collectively as the "Parties" and each individually as a "Party"). This Agreement covers services in the State of Alabama only (the "State").

WHEREAS, Pine Belt is authorized by the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") to provide Commercial Mobile Radio Service ("CMRS"); and

WHEREAS, CenturyLink holds a certificate of authority to provide local exchange telecommunications services; and

WHEREAS, interconnection between the Parties is necessary and desirable for the mutual exchange and termination of traffic originating on each local provider's network; and

WHEREAS, the Parties wish to enter into an agreement to interconnect their respective telecommunications networks on terms that are fair and equitable to both Parties; and

WHEREAS, the Parties completed good faith negotiations that led to the services and facilities arrangements, including all legitimately related terms and conditions, described herein.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual provisions contained herein and other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, and without waiving any reservation of rights set forth herein, CenturyLink and Pine Belt hereby covenant and agree as follows:

ARTICLE I: PURPOSE, INTENT AND SCOPE OF AGREEMENT

1.0 PURPOSE OF THE AGREEMENT

Pursuant to this Agreement, the Parties will extend certain arrangements to one another within each area in which they both operate within the State for purposes of interconnection and the exchange of Local Traffic between their respective End User Customers. This Agreement will be submitted to the State Public Service or Public Utilities Commission, as applicable (the "Commission") for approval. The Parties agree that their entry into this Agreement is without prejudice to and does not waive any positions they may have taken previously, or may take in the future, in any legislative, regulatory, judicial or other public forum addressing any matters, including matters related to the same types of arrangements and/or matters related to CenturyLink's rates and cost recovery that may be covered in this Agreement. Pine Belt agrees to accept these terms and conditions with CenturyLink based on this Agreement as reciprocal where applicable.

2.0 INTENT OF THE AGREEMENT

This Agreement is intended to set forth the specific arrangements and services by which the Parties will interconnect with each other's networks and exchange traffic, as defined herein, in accordance with the terms of this Agreement and Applicable Law.

3.0 SCOPE OF THE AGREEMENT

The following constitute parts of this Agreement:

Agreement:	Preface & Recitals
Article I:	Purpose, Intent and Scope of Agreement
Article II:	Definitions
Article III:	General Terms & Conditions
Article IV:	Interconnection & Transport & Termination of Traffic (Interconnection)
Article V:	Maintenance
Article VI:	Additional Services (NP; 911/E911)
Article VII:	Pricing
Signature Page	

The terms and conditions set forth in the Agreement, together with those set forth in its given Articles, are integrally and legitimately related, and shall govern the provision of services and/or facilities by CenturyLink to Pine Belt.

ARTICLE II: DEFINITIONS

1.0 GENERAL RULES

- 1.1 Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the definitions set forth in Section 2 of this Article II shall apply to all Articles and Appendices contained in this Agreement. A defined term intended to convey the meaning stated in this Article II is capitalized when used.
- 1.2 Additional definitions that are specific to the matters covered in a particular Article, Appendix or provision may appear in that Article, Appendix or provision. To the extent that there is any conflict between a definition set forth in this Article II and any definition in a specific Article, Appendix or provision, the definition set forth in the specific Article, Appendix or provision shall control with respect to that Article, Appendix or provision.
- 1.3 Capitalized terms that are not otherwise defined in this Article II or Agreement but are defined in the Telecommunications Act of 1996 ("Act") and/or the orders and rules implementing the Act shall have the meaning set forth in the Act or in such orders and rules.
- 1.4 Terms used in a Tariff shall have the meanings stated in the Tariff or State Price List in states where detariffing regulation has been implemented.
- 1.5 Unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, any term defined in this Article II which is defined or used in the singular shall include the plural, and any term defined in this Article II which is defined or used in the plural shall include the singular.
- 1.6 The words "shall" and "will" are used interchangeably throughout the Agreement and the use of either indicates a mandatory requirement. The use of one or the other shall not confer a different degree of right or obligation for either Party.

2.0 DEFINITIONS

2.1 Access Service Request (ASR)

The Ordering and Billing Forum document designated by CenturyLink to be used by the Parties to add, establish, change or disconnect services or trunks for the purpose of providing Interconnection special access and Switched Access Services.

2.2 Access Tandem Switch

A Local Exchange Carrier (LEC) switching system that is used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among the LEC's Central Office network and Interexchange Carriers' networks.

2.3 "Act" or "the Act"

The Communications Act of 1934, as amended by the Telecommunications Act of 1996, and as amended from time to time and codified at 47 U.S.C. §§ 151, *et seq.*

2.4 Affiliate

"Affiliate" shall have the meaning set forth in § 153(1) of the Act.

2.5 Alternate Tandem Provider

A third-party Tandem Provider.

2.6 **Answer Supervision**

An off-hook supervisory signal.

2.7 **Applicable Law**

All effective laws, statutes, common law, governmental regulations, ordinances, codes, rules, guidelines, orders, permits and approvals of any governmental authority (including, without limitation, the Commission and the FCC) that apply to the subject matter of this Agreement.

2.8 **Automated Message Accounting (AMA)**

The structure inherent in switch technology that initially records telecommunication message information. AMA format is contained in the Automated Message Accounting document, published by Telcordia Technologies as GR-1100-CORE, which defines the industry standard for message recording.

2.9 **Automatic Location Identification/Data Management System (ALI/DMS)**

The emergency services (E-911/911) database containing customer location information (including name, address, telephone number, and sometimes, special information from the local service provider) used to process subscriber access records into Automatic Location Identification (ALI) records.

2.10 **“Bill-and-Keep” or “Bill-and-Keep Arrangement”**

A compensation arrangement whereby the Parties do not render bills to each other for the termination of Local Traffic and ISP-Bound Traffic that qualifies for Bill-and-Keep treatment under this Agreement. Under a Bill-and-Keep Arrangement, a Party terminates such traffic originating from End Users of the other Party without explicitly charging the originating Party.

2.11 **Bill Date**

The effective date for which a CenturyLink service is billed and/or invoiced to a customer. The Bill Date shall be the date one day past the billing cycle close date. The Bill Date is the same date each month for recurring bills and is included on any such bill or invoice.

2.12 **Bill Due Date**

Refers to the date that a bill or invoice is due and payable. The Bill Due Date shall be the date thirty (30) days from the Bill Date.

2.13 **Business Day**

Monday through Friday, 8 am to 8 pm, except for (1) holidays observed by the United States government; (2) days on which the non-priority U.S. mail is not delivered; and (3) company holidays on which CenturyLink is officially closed for business and except as otherwise specifically stated or provided for in other documentation incorporated into this agreement.

2.14 **Carrier Identification Code (CIC)**

Four-digit numbers used by End User Customers to reach the services of Interexchange Carriers (IXCs).

2.15 **Central Office (CO)**

A telephone company building where customer lines are joined to a switch or switches for connection to the PSTN.

2.16 **Central Office Switch**

A switch used to provide Telecommunications Services including (1) End Office Switches which are Class 5 switches from which end-user Telephone Exchange Services are directly connected and offered, and (2) Tandem Office Switches which are Class 4 switches used to connect and switch trunk circuits between and among Central Office Switches. Central Office Switches may be employed as combination End Office/Tandem Office Switches (combination Class 5/Class 4).

2.17 **CenturyLink Operating Company (CTOC) or CenturyLink**

The single CenturyLink Operating Company in the State that is a Party to this Agreement.

2.18 **CenturyLink Service Guide or Standard Practices**

The CenturyLink Service Guide and or Standard Practices is a document that contains CenturyLink's operating procedures for service ordering, provisioning, billing, maintenance, trouble reporting and repair for wholesale services. Except as specifically provided otherwise in this Agreement, CenturyLink's processes for service ordering, provisioning, billing, maintenance, trouble reporting and repair shall be governed by the CenturyLink Service Guide, which may be amended from time to time by CenturyLink as needed.

2.19 **CLEC Profile**

A CenturyLink form required to be completed and submitted to CenturyLink by any Telecommunications Carrier, including CMRS carriers, requesting to interconnect or exchange traffic with CenturyLink's network or the ability to initiate any order submission to CenturyLink. Among other things, a Telecommunication Carrier is required to provide CenturyLink, on the CLEC Profile, the following: its Operating Company Number (OCN), Company Code (CC), and Customer Carrier Name Abbreviation (CCNA).

2.20 **CLLI Codes**

Common Language Location Identifier Codes.

2.21 **CMRS Carrier**

The term CMRS carrier shall have the same meaning as the same term is defined in 47 CFR, Section 20.3.

2.22 **Commission**

The State Public Service or Public Utility Commission, as applicable.

2.23 **Common Channel Signaling (CCS)**

A high-speed, specialized, packet-switched communications network that is separate (out-of-band) from the public packet-switched and message networks. CCS carries addressed signaling messages for individual trunk circuits and/or database-related services between Signaling Points in the CCS network using SS7 signaling protocol.

2.24 **Contract Year**

A twelve (12) month period during the term of the Agreement commencing on the Effective Date and each anniversary thereof.

2.25 **Disputed Amounts**

An amount or any portion of bill or invoice sent to a Party that the billed Party contends, in good faith, is not due and payable. For an amount to qualify as a Disputed Amount, the billed Party must provide written notice to the billing Party of the nature and amount of the disputed charge(s) using the process and time period established by the billing Party.

2.26 **DS-1**

A service having a total digital signal speed of 1.544 Mbps.

2.27 **E-911 Service**

An emergency telephone system which includes network switching, database and CPE elements capable of providing selective routing, selective transfer, fixed transfer, caller routing and location information, and/or ALI and is used to route 911 calls to a PSAP that uses a customer location database to determine the location to which a call should be routed.

2.28 **Effective Date**

The date on which the last Party to this Agreement executes the Agreement, unless prior Commission approval is required in order to make the Agreement effective between the Parties except that the initiation of a new Pine Belt account, any new provision of service or obligation or any revision to currently existing services or obligations shall not take effect for 60 days to accommodate required initial processes. If such Commission approval is required, the Effective Date shall be either the date on which the Commission deems the Agreement approved or, the date on which the Commission deems the Agreement effective, whichever the case may be.

2.29 **End Office**

The telephone company office from which the End User receives exchange service.

2.30 **End Office Switch**

A switching machine that directly terminates traffic to and receives traffic from End Users purchasing local Telephone Exchange Service. A PBX is not considered an End Office Switch.

2.31 **"End User" or "End User Customer"**

Any individual, business, association, corporation, government agency or entity other than an Interexchange Carrier (IXC), Competitive Access Provider (CAP) or Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) provider (also known as a Wireless Carrier) that subscribes to Telecommunications Services provided by either of the Parties and does not resell it to others. As used herein, this term does not include any of the Parties to this Agreement with respect to any item or service obtained under this Agreement.

2.32 **Exchange Access**

Exchange Access shall have the meaning set forth in § 153(16) the Act.

2.33 **FCC**

The Federal Communications Commission.

2.34 **Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC)**

An "Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier" or "ILEC" shall have the meaning set forth in 47 U.S.C. § 251(h).

2.35 **Indirect Network Connection**

A method of Interconnection for the exchange of Local Traffic between two Telecommunications Carriers where the networks of such Telecommunications Carriers are not directly connected.

2.36 **Information Access**

Specialized exchange telecommunications services provisioned by a Telecommunications Carrier in an exchange area in connection with the origination, termination, transmission, switching, forwarding or routing of telecommunications traffic to or from the facilities of an Information Service Provider for the provision of an Information Service.

2.37 **Information Access Traffic**

Traffic delivered to or from an Information Service Provider for the provision of Information Service.

2.38 **Information Service Provider**

A provider of Information Service, as that term is defined in 47 U.S.C. § 153(20). Information Service Provider includes, but is not limited to, Internet Service Provider (ISP).

2.39 **Intentionally left blank**

2.40 **Intellectual Property**

For purposes of this Agreement, "Intellectual Property" means (a) inventions(whether patentable or unpatentable and whether or not reduced to practice), all improvements thereto, patents, patent applications and patent disclosures, and all reissuances, continuations, revisions, extensions and re-examinations thereof, (b) trademarks, service marks, trade dress, logos, trade names, domain names and corporate names, and translations, adaptations, derivations and combinations thereof and goodwill associated

therewith, and all applications, registrations and renewals in connection therewith, (c) copyrightable works, copyrights and applications, registrations and renewals relating thereto, (d) mask works and applications, registrations and renewals relating thereto, (e) trade secrets and confidential business information (including ideas, research and development, know-how, formulae, compositions, manufacturing and production processes and techniques, technical data, designs, drawings, specifications, customer and supplier lists, pricing and cost information, and business and marketing plans and proposals), (f) computer software (including data and related documentation), (g) other proprietary rights, and (h) copies and tangible embodiments thereof (in whatever form or medium).

2.41 Intellectual Property Claim

For purposes of this Agreement, "Intellectual Property Claim" means any actual or threatened claim, action or proceeding relating to Intellectual Property.

2.42 Interconnection

"Interconnection" shall have the meaning set forth in 47 U.S.C. § 251(c)(2), and refers, in this Agreement, to the connection between networks for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service and Exchange Access. This term does not include the transport and termination of traffic.

2.43 Interconnection Facility

The physical connection of separate pieces of equipment and transmission facilities within, between and among networks, for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service and Exchange Access.

2.44 Interexchange Carrier (IXC)

A carrier that provides, directly or indirectly, InterLATA or IntraLATA Telephone Toll Service.

2.45 InterLATA Toll Traffic

Telecommunications traffic that is not Local Traffic (as defined in Section 2.56) between a point located in a LATA and a point located outside such Lata where one of the locations lies outside of the CenturyLink Local area as defined in CenturyLink's local exchange Tariff or Price List.

2.46 Internet Service Provider (ISP)

An Enhanced Service Provider that provides Internet services and is defined in paragraph 341 of the FCC's First Report and Order in CC Docket No. 97-158.

2.47 IntraLATA Toll Traffic

Telecommunications traffic that is not Local Traffic (as defined in Section 2.56) between two locations within one LATA where one of the locations lies outside of the CenturyLink Local Calling Area as defined CenturyLink's local exchange Tariff or Price List. Optional EAS Traffic is included in IntraLATA Toll Traffic.

2.48 IP-Enabled Voice Traffic

IP-Enabled Voice Traffic means any IP-enabled, real-time, multi-directional voice call, including, but not limited to, service that mimics traditional telephony. IP-Enabled Voice Traffic includes: voice traffic originating on Internet Protocol Connection (IPC), and which terminates on the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN); and voice traffic originated on the PSTN, and which terminates on IPC, and voice traffic originating on the PSTN, which is transported through an IPC, and which ultimately, terminates on the PSTN.

2.49 **ISDN User Part (ISUP)**

A part of the SS7 protocol that defines call setup messages and call takedown messages.

2.50 **ISP-Bound Traffic**

Traffic delivered to or from an Internet Service Provider (ISP).

2.51 **Line Side**

Refers to an End Office Switch connection that is connected to an ordinary telephone station set, including the connection between a loop termination at, for example, a main distribution frame (MDF) and a switch line card. Line side connections offer only those transmission and signaling features appropriate for the connection between an End Office and an ordinary telephone set, and cannot be used for the direct connection of switching entities.

2.52 **Local Access and Transport Area (LATA)**

“Local Access and Transport Area” or “LATA” shall have the meaning set forth in § 153(25) of the Act.

2.53 **Local Calling Area (LCA)**

Local Calling Area (LCA) traffic is traffic originates and terminates in the local exchange area, and any mandatory Extended Area Service (EAS) exchanges, as defined in CenturyLink’s local exchange tariffs.

2.54 **Local Exchange Carrier (LEC)**

“Local Exchange Carrier” or “LEC” shall have the meaning set forth in § 153(26) of the Act.

2.55 **Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG)**

The Telcordia Technologies reference customarily used to identify NPA-NXX routing and homing information, as well as equipment designation.

2.56 **Local Traffic**

For purposes of this Agreement, Local Traffic is traffic that is originated and terminated within the MTA that includes the CenturyLink Local Calling Area, as defined in CenturyLink’s local exchange tariffs or Price Lists. Pursuant to the FCC’s clarifying

orders, Local Traffic includes Information Access Traffic only to the extent that the end user and the ISP are physically located in the same CenturyLink Local Calling Area.

2.57 **“Local Interconnection Trunk” or “Local Interconnection Trunk Groups”**

One-way or two-way trunks or trunk groups used to carry Local Traffic.

2.58 **Local Service Request (LSR)**

The Ordering and Billing Forum document designated by CenturyLink to be used by the Parties to establish, add, change or disconnect local Telecommunications Services for the purpose of providing competitive local Telecommunications Services. Sometimes referred to as a Service Order.

2.59 **Meet Point**

A Meet Point is a point, designated by the Parties, at which one Party's responsibility for service begins and the other Party's responsibility ends.

2.60 **“Meet Point Billing (MPB)” or “Meet Point Billing Arrangement”**

Refers to an arrangement whereby two LECs jointly provide the transport element of a Switched Access Service to one of the LEC's End Office Switches, with each LEC receiving an appropriate share of the transport element revenues as defined by the applicable access tariffs.

2.61 **“Mid-Span Fiber Meet” or “Fiber Meet”**

An Interconnection architecture whereby two carriers' fiber transmission facilities meet at a mutually agreed upon point for the mutual exchange of traffic. The “point” of Interconnection for purposes of Sections 251(c)(2) and 251(c)(3) remains on the Local Exchange Carrier's network.

2.62 **Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB)**

Refers to the document prepared by the Billing Committee of the Ordering and Billing Forum (OBF), which functions under the auspices of the Carrier Liaison Committee (CLC) of the Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS). The MECAB document, published by Telcordia Technologies as Special Report SR-BDS-000983, contains the recommended guidelines for the billing of an access service provided by two or more LECs, or by one LEC in two or more states within a single LATA.

2.63 **Multiple Exchange Carriers Ordering and Design Guidelines for Access Services - Industry Support Interface (MECOD)**

A document developed by the Ordering/Provisioning Committee under the auspices of the Ordering and Billing Forum (OBF), which functions under the auspices of the Carrier Liaison Committee (CLC) of the Alliance for Telecommunications Industry Solutions (ATIS). The MECOD document, published by Telcordia Technologies as Special Report SR-STS-002643, establishes methods for processing orders for access service that is to be provided by two or more LECs.

2.64 **Major Trading Area (MTA)**

An MTA is a geographic region defined originally in the Rand McNally Commercial Atlas and Marketing Guide and used by the FCC where a Personal Communications Service can operate

2.65 **National Security Emergency Procedures (NSEP)**

Federal procedures that apply to Telecommunications Carriers that are used to maintain a state of readiness or to respond to and manage any event or crisis that causes or could cause injury or harm to the population, damage to or loss of property, or degrade or threaten the national security or emergency preparedness of the United States.

2.66 **911 Service**

An emergency reporting system to facilitate the reporting of emergencies requiring response by a public safety agency whereby a caller can dial a common number (911) for emergency services. Basic 911 is an emergency telephone system which automatically connects 911 callers to a designated answering point. Call routing is determined by originating Central Office only. Basic 911 may or may not support ANI and/or ALI.

2.67 **North American Numbering Plan (NANP)**

The system of telephone numbering employed in the United States, Canada, and Caribbean countries that assigns area codes and sets rules for calls to be routed across these countries.

2.68 **Number Portability (NP)**

The ability of users of Telecommunications Services to retain, at the same location, existing telecommunications numbers without impairment of quality, reliability, or convenience when switching from one Telecommunications Carrier to another.

2.69 **Numbering Plan Area (NPA)**

Also sometimes referred to as an "area code," an NPA is the three-digit indicator, which is defined by the "A", "B", and "C" digits of each 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NPA contains 800 possible NXX Codes. There are two general categories of NPA: "Geographic NPAs" and "Non-Geographic NPAs". A Geographic NPA is associated with a defined geographic area, and all telephone numbers bearing such NPA are associated with services provided within that geographic area. A Non-Geographic NPA, also known as a "Service Access Code" or "SAC Code" is typically associated with a specialized Telecommunications Service that may be provided across multiple geographic NPA areas. 800, 900, 700, and 888 are examples of Non-Geographic NPAs.

2.70 **NXX, NXX Code, Central Office Code or CO Code**

The three-digit switch entity indicator that is defined by the "D", "E", and "F" digits of a 10-digit telephone number within the NANP. Each NXX Code contains 10,000 station numbers.

2.71 **Party or Parties**

"Party" shall mean CenturyLink or Pine Belt depending on the context. "Parties" refers collectively to both CenturyLink and Pine Belt.

2.72 Percentage Local Use (PLU)

A percentage calculated by dividing the number of minutes of Local Traffic by the total number of minutes. The resulting factor is used to determine the portion of Local Traffic minutes exchanged via Local Interconnection Trunks.

2.73 Point of Interconnection (POI)

A Point of Interconnection (POI) is a point in the network where the Parties deliver Interconnection traffic to each other, and also serves as a demarcation point between the facilities that each Party is responsible to provide. The POI also establishes the interface, the test point, and the operational responsibility hand-off between Pine Belt and CenturyLink for the interconnection of their respective networks.

2.74 Premises

Premises refers to a Party's Central Offices and serving Wire Centers; all buildings or similar structures owned, leased, or otherwise controlled by a Party that house its Network Facilities; all structures that house a Party's facilities on public Rights-of-Way, including but not limited to vaults containing loop concentrators or similar structures; and all land owned, leased or otherwise controlled by a Party that is adjacent to these Central Offices, Wire Centers, buildings and structures.

2.75 Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP)

A facility that has been designated to receive 911 calls and route them to emergency services personnel. A PSAP may be designated as Primary or Secondary. Primary PSAPs are facilities to which 911 calls are routed directly from the 911 control office; Secondary PSAPs are facilities to which 911 calls are transferred from a Primary PSAP.

2.76 Rate Center

The specific geographic point and corresponding geographic area that is associated with one or more particular NPA-NXX Codes that have been assigned to a LEC for purpose of the application of interstate Tariffs. The geographic point is identified by a specific Vertical and Horizontal (V&H) coordinate that is used to calculate distance-sensitive End User traffic to/from the particular NPA-NXXs associated with the specific Rate Center.

2.77 Rating Point

The vertical and horizontal ("V&H") coordinates assigned to a Rate Center and associated with a particular telephone number for rating purposes. The Rating Point must be in the same LATA as the Routing Point of the associated NPA-NXX as designated in the LERG, but need not be in the same location as the Routing Point.

2.78 Reciprocal Compensation

Compensation paid or provided under 47 U.S.C. § 251(b)(5).

2.79 Remote End Office Switch

A switch that directly terminates traffic to and receives traffic from End Users of local Telephone Exchange Services, but does not have the full features, functions and capabilities of an End Office Switch. Such features, functions, and capabilities are provided to a Remote End Office Switch via an umbilical and a host End Office.

2.80 **“Repeatedly delinquent”**

As used in Article III, “repeatedly delinquent” shall refer to the failure to remit or pay a bill under this Agreement within thirty (30) calendar days after the bill due date, three (3) or more times during a twelve (12) month period..

2.81 **Routing Point**

Denotes a location that a LEC has designated on its own network as the homing or routing point for traffic inbound to Telephone Exchange Service provided by the LEC which bears a certain NPA-NXX designation. The Routing Point is used to calculate airline mileage measurements for the distance-sensitive transport element charges of Switched Access Services. Pursuant to Telcordia Technologies Practice BR795-100-100, the Routing Point may be an End Office location, or a "LEC Consortium Point of Interconnection." The Routing Point must be in the same LATA as the associated NPA-NXX.

2.82 **Selective Router (SR)**

A device that routes E911 calls to the appropriate PSAP based on the caller's location.

2.83 **Service Affecting**

A “Service Affecting” issue or dispute shall mean that such issue or dispute, unless resolved, places a Party’s End User Customer in immediate or imminent risk of not being able to use the service to which that End User Customer subscribes.

2.84 **Service Order**

See “Local Service Request.”

2.85 **“Service Switching Point” or “Signal Switching Point” (SSP)**

A Signaling Point that can launch queries to databases and receive/interpret responses used to provide specific customer services.

2.86 **Signaling Point (SP)**

A node in the CCS network that originates and/or receives signaling messages, or transfers signaling messages from one signaling link to another, or both.

2.87 **Signaling System 7 (SS7)**

The signaling protocol, Version 7, of the CCS network, based upon American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standards that is used to provide basic routing information, call set-up and other call termination functions.

2.88 **State**

As used in this Agreement, "State" shall refer to the state in which services are to be provided under this Agreement. For purposes of this Agreement, "State" shall mean the State of Alabama.

2.89 **Subsidiary**

A corporation or other legal entity that is majority owned by a Party.

2.90 **Switched Access Services**

The offering of transmission and/or switching services to Telecommunications Carriers for the purpose of the origination or termination of Telephone Toll Services. Any traffic that does not meet the definition of Local Traffic will be considered Switched Access Traffic. Switched Access Services include: Feature Group A, Feature Group B, Feature Group C, Feature Group D, 500, 700, 800 access and 900 access services. The term "Switched Access Service" is interchangeable with "Switched Exchange Access Service."

2.91 **Synchronous Optical Network (SONET)**

An optical interface standard that allows interworking of transmission products from multiple vendors (*i.e.*, mid-span meets). The base rate is 51.84 Mbps (OC/STS-1 and higher rates are direct multiples of the base rate up to 1.244 Gbps).

2.92 **"Tandem" or "Tandem Switch" or "Tandem Office Switch"**

Tandem means to connect in series. A Tandem, Tandem Switch or Tandem Office Switch connects one trunk to another for the purpose of exchanging Local Traffic. It is an intermediate (Class 4) switch between an originating telephone call and the final destination of the call.

2.93 **Tariff or Price List**

Any applicable Federal or state tariff or Price List of a Party, as amended from time-to-time.

2.94 **Technically Feasible**

Interconnection and other methods of achieving Interconnection at a point in the network shall be deemed Technically Feasible absent technical or operational concerns that prevent the fulfillment of a request by a Telecommunications Carrier for such Interconnection, access or methods.

2.95 **Telcordia Technologies**

A wholly-owned subsidiary of Science Applications International Corporation (SAIC). The organization conducts research and development projects for its owners, including development of new Telecommunications Services. Telcordia Technologies also provides certain centralized technical and management services for the regional holding companies and also provides generic requirements for the telecommunications industry for products, services and technologies.

2.96 **Telecommunications**

"Telecommunications" shall have the meaning set forth in § 153(43) of the Act.

2.97 **Telecommunications Carrier**

“Telecommunications Carrier” shall have the meaning set forth in § 153(44) of the Act. This definition includes CMRS providers, IXCs and, to the extent they are acting as Telecommunications Carriers, companies that provide both Telecommunications and Information Services. Private mobile radio service providers are Telecommunications Carriers to the extent they provide domestic or international telecommunications for a fee directly to the public.

2.98 **Telecommunications Equipment**

“Telecommunications Equipment” shall have the meaning set forth in § 153(45) of the Act.

2.99 **Telecommunications Service**

“Telecommunications Service” shall have the meaning set forth in § 153(46) of the Act.

2.100 **Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP)**

A procedure established by the National Communications System Office (NCSO) used by a Telecommunications Carrier to establish priorities in deciding which lines and trunks to restore subsequent to an outage. Generally, the highest priority goes to federal law enforcement and military usage, with local emergency services (including 911 Service) and medical facilities following..

2.101 **Telephone Exchange Service**

“Telephone Exchange Service” shall have the meaning set forth in § 153(47) of the Act.

2.102 **“Telephone Toll” or “Telephone Toll Service”**

“Telephone Toll” or “Telephone Toll Service” is telephone service between stations in different exchange areas. Telephone Toll traffic can be either “IntraLATA Toll Traffic” or “InterLATA Toll Traffic” depending on whether the originating and terminating points are within the same LATA.

2.103 **Third Party Originating Carrier**

Pine Belt, when it sends traffic originated by its End User Customers to CenturyLink’s End User Customers via an Alternate Tandem Provider, or CenturyLink, when it sends traffic originated by its End User Customers to Pine Belt’s End User Customers via an Alternate Tandem Provider.

2.104 **Third Party Terminating Carrier**

CenturyLink, when traffic is terminated to it by Pine Belt via an Alternate Tandem Provider, or Pine Belt, when traffic from CenturyLink is terminated to Pine Belt via an Alternative Tandem Provider.

2.105 **Time and Material Charges**

Time and Materials Charges are charges for non-standard or individual-case-basis work requested by Pine Belt. “Time” charges are for the cost of labor which includes, but is not limited to, work preparation and actual work. This labor time is multiplied by an

applicable labor rate. "Material" charges are for the cost of items required to fulfill the job requirements.

2.106 Transit Service

A switching and transport function which allows one Party to send Transit Traffic to the other Party's network through a third-party's Tandem and/or transport facilities, or to a third-party network through the other Party's Tandem and/or transport facilities.

2.107 Transit Traffic

Traffic between the Parties End User Customers that is routed utilizing a third-party Telecommunications Carrier's local and/or Access Tandem Switch, or between a Party's End User Customers and a third-party Telecommunications Carrier's End User Customers (e.g., third-party CMRSs, ILECs) that is routed utilizing the other Party's local and/or Access Tandem Switch. Transit Traffic does not include any traffic delivered to from, or carried by an Interexchange Carrier (IXC) at any time during the call

2.108 Type 1 Wireless Interconnection

A line side trunk provided by the LEC to the CMRS provider that utilizes NPA NXX's assigned to and resident in the LEC End Office. The LEC numbers may be assigned by the CMRS provider to their individual customers or the interconnection may be used only for auxiliary services for which the LEC must record and/or provide billing information, i.e., operator service, directory assistance, etc. The numbers assigned to the CMRS provider from the LEC office remain under the control of the LEC and any access between these numbers and PSTN must be made utilizing the LEC End Office to which the numbers are assigned.

2.109 Type 2 Wireless Interconnection

A trunk interconnecting the LEC Central Office with a "CMRS" provider's Mobile Switch Center. This type of connection may only be used for Local Traffic or incidental terminating interMTA traffic.

- i) Type 2A: is trunk interconnection between a LEC Tandem and a "CMRS" provider Mobile Switch Center. Through this interface, Pine Belt can connect to Century Tel's End Offices.
- ii) Type 2B: is a trunk interconnection between a LEC End Office and a "CMRS" provider Mobile Switch Center. This interconnection will only provide access to numbers residing in the LEC End Office to which the interconnection is made, including EAS and ECC served by the LEC End Offices.

2.110 Virtual NXX Traffic (VNXX Traffic)

As used in this Agreement, Virtual NXX Traffic or VNXX Traffic is defined as calls in which a Pine Belt's Customer is assigned a telephone number with an NXX Code (as set forth in the LERG) assigned to a Rate Center that is different from the Rate Center associated with the Customer's actual physical premise location.

2.111 Website

As used in this agreement, Website shall mean:
www.CenturyLink.com/wholesaleservices

2.112 **Wire Center**

The location of one or more local switching systems. A point at which End Users' loops within a defined geographic area converge. Such Local Loops may be served by one (1) or more Central Office Switches within such premises.

ARTICLE III: GENERAL TERMS & CONDITIONS

I.

GENERAL TERMS & CONDITIONS REGARDING APPLICATION, EFFECTIVE DATE, TERM AND GOVERNING LAW

1.0 APPLICATION OF THESE GENERAL TERMS & CONDITIONS

Except as may otherwise be set forth in a particular Article or Appendix of this Agreement, in which case the provisions of such Article or Appendix shall control, these General Terms & Conditions apply to all Articles and Appendices of this Agreement.

2.0 EFFECTIVE DATE, TERM & TERMINATION

2.1 Effective Date. This Agreement will be effective only upon execution by both Parties unless prior Commission approval is required, in which case this Agreement shall be effective upon Commission approval; except that the initiation of a new Pine Belt account, any new provision of service or obligation or any revision to currently existing services or obligations shall not take effect for 60 days to accommodate required initial processes. The "Effective Date" of this Agreement for all purposes will be the latest date reflected by the signing Parties.

2.2 Term. This Agreement shall be effective as of the Effective Date and, unless cancelled or terminated earlier in accordance with the terms hereof, shall continue in effect until two years after the effective date (the "Initial Term"). If neither Party elects to terminate this Agreement as of the date of termination of the Initial Term, this Agreement shall continue in force and effect on a month-to-month basis (each one-month period constituting a "Follow-on Term") unless and until cancelled or terminated as provided in this Agreement.

2.2.1 Notwithstanding the above, CenturyLink at its discretion following written notice to CMRS as set forth below, may terminate this Agreement after twelve consecutive months of inactivity on the part of Pine Belt. Inactivity is defined as Pine Belt's failure to initiate the required pre-ordering activities, Pine Belt's failure to submit any orders pursuant to this Agreement's terms or Pine Belt's failure to originate or terminate any Local Traffic pursuant to this Agreement's terms.

2.3 Notice of Termination. Either Pine Belt or CenturyLink may terminate this Agreement effective upon the expiration of the Initial Term by providing written notice of termination ("Notice of Termination") at least ninety (90) calendar days in advance of the applicable date of termination. Either Pine Belt or CenturyLink may terminate this Agreement effective upon the expiration of a Follow-on Term by providing a written Notice of Termination at least thirty (30) calendar days in advance of the applicable date of termination.

2.4 Effect on Termination of Negotiating Successor Agreement. If either Pine Belt or CenturyLink provides notice of termination pursuant to Section 2.3 and, on or before the noticed date of termination, either Pine Belt or CenturyLink has requested negotiation of a new interconnection agreement, this Agreement shall remain in effect until the earlier of: (a) the effective date of a new interconnection agreement between Pine Belt and CenturyLink; or, (b) the date 180 calendar days after the date of termination identified in the Notice of Termination. If a new interconnection agreement has not been approved by 180 days after the date of termination identified in the Notice of Termination, then CenturyLink and Pine Belt may mutually agree to continue to operate on a month to

month basis under the terms set forth herein until (a) a new agreement has been approved or (b) until Pine Belt ceases providing service in CenturyLink's exchanges. Should the Parties not agree to continue to operate under the terms set forth herein after 180 days, then the provisions of Section 2.5 shall be required. The foregoing shall not apply to the extent that this Agreement is otherwise cancelled or terminated in accordance with Section 2.6 (Termination Upon Default) or Section 2.7 (Termination Upon Sale).

2.5 Termination and Post-Termination Continuation of Services. If either Pine Belt or CenturyLink provides notice of termination pursuant to Section 2.3 and, by 11:59 p.m. Central Time on the proposed date of termination, neither Pine Belt nor CenturyLink has requested negotiation of a new interconnection agreement, (a) this Agreement will terminate at 11:59 p.m. Central Time on the termination date identified in the Notice of Termination, and (b) the services and functions being provided by CenturyLink under this Agreement at the time of termination, including the exchange of local traffic, will be terminated unless the Parties jointly agree to other continuing arrangements. Pine Belt may request that services or functions continue to be provided pursuant to (i) an applicable Tariff(s) only if the service is included in the same; (ii) other terms and conditions made generally available by the Commission to local Telecommunications Service providers, if any; or (iii) terms and conditions available under Section 252(i) of the Act, if elected by Pine Belt. If Pine Belt elects to have such services or functions continue pursuant to terms and conditions available under Section 252(i) of the Act, the continuation of such services and functions shall be governed by the terms and conditions adopted by Pine Belt under Section 252(i). Should Pine Belt fail to follow the terms of this Section 2.5, Pine Belt agrees that its termination notice shall be invalidated and considered withdrawn and it shall continue to be accountable and liable for all its obligations under the terms of this Agreement.

2.6 Suspension or Termination Upon Default. Either Party may suspend or terminate this Agreement, in whole or in part, in the event of a Default (defined below) by the other Party; *provided, however*, that the non-defaulting Party notifies the defaulting Party in writing of the Default and the defaulting Party does not cure the Default within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of written notice thereof. Following CenturyLink's notice to Pine Belt of its Default, CenturyLink shall not be required to process new service orders until the Default is timely cured.

"Default" is defined to include:

- (a) A Party's insolvency or the initiation of bankruptcy or receivership proceedings by or against the Party; or
- (b) The revocation by the Commission of a Party's Certificate of Operating Authority, or
- (c) A Party's violation of any material term or condition of the Agreement; or
- (d) A Party's refusal or failure in any material respect properly to perform its obligations under this Agreement, including but not limited to its refusal or failure to pay undisputed charges (pursuant to Section 9) within thirty (30) calendar days after the bill date.

2.7 Termination Upon Sale. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, a Party may terminate this Agreement as to a specific operating area or portion thereof if such Party sells or otherwise transfers the area or portion thereof to a non-affiliate. In the case of such a partial sale, the selling or transferring Party shall provide the other Party with at least sixty (60) calendar days' prior written notice of such termination, which

shall be effective on the date specified in the notice. Notwithstanding termination of this Agreement as to a specific operating area, this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect in the remaining operating areas.

- 2.8 Liability Upon Termination. Termination of this Agreement, or any part hereof, for any cause shall not release either Party from any liability (i) which, at the time of termination, had already accrued to the other Party, (ii) which thereafter accrues in any respect through any act or omission occurring prior to the termination, or (iii) which accrues from an obligation that is expressly stated in this Agreement to survive termination.

2.9 Predecessor Agreements.

- 2.9.1 Except as stated in Section 2.9.2 or as otherwise agreed in writing by the Parties:

2.9.1.1 any prior interconnection agreement between the Parties for the State of Alabama pursuant to Section 252 of the Act and in effect immediately prior to the Effective Date is hereby terminated; and

2.9.1.2 any services that were purchased by one Party from the other Party under a prior interconnection agreement between the Parties for the State of Alabama pursuant to Section 252 of the Act and in effect immediately prior to the Effective Date, shall as of the Effective Date be subject to the prices, terms and conditions of under this Agreement.

- 2.9.2 Except as otherwise agreed in writing by the Parties, if a service purchased by a Party under a prior interconnection agreement between the Parties pursuant to Section 252 of the Act was subject to a contractual commitment that it would be purchased for a period of longer than one month, and such period had not yet expired as of the Effective Date and the service had not been terminated prior to the Effective Date, to the extent not inconsistent with this Agreement, such commitment shall remain in effect and the service will be the prices, terms and conditions of this Agreement; provided, that if this Agreement would materially alter the terms of the commitment, either Party make elect to cancel the commitment.

- 2.9.3 If either Party elects to cancel the commitment pursuant to the proviso in Section 2.9.2, the purchasing Party shall not be liable for any termination charge that would otherwise have applied. However, if the commitment was cancelled by the purchasing Party, the purchasing Party shall pay the difference between the price of the service that was actually paid by the purchasing Party under the commitment and the price of the service that would have applied if the commitment had been to purchase the service only until the time that the commitment was cancelled.

3.0 APPLICABLE LAW

- 3.1 Applicable Law. The term Applicable Law, as used in this Agreement, shall mean all effective laws, statutes, common law, governmental regulations, ordinances, codes, rules, guidelines, orders, permits and approvals of any governmental authority (including, without limitation, the Commission and the FCC) that apply to the subject matter of this Agreement.

- 3.2 Rule of Construction. The Parties acknowledge that, except for provisions incorporated herein as the result of an arbitrated decision, if any, the terms and conditions of this

Agreement have been mutually negotiated, and each Party has relied solely on the advice of its own legal counsel in accepting such negotiated terms and conditions. This Agreement shall be fairly interpreted in accordance with its terms. No rule of construction requiring interpretation against the drafting Party hereof shall apply in the interpretation of this Agreement.

- 3.3 Choice of Law and Venue. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the Act, applicable federal and (to the extent not inconsistent therewith) domestic laws of the State where the services are being provided, and shall be subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the State or of the federal courts of Alabama. In all cases, choice of law shall be determined without regard to a local State's conflicts of law provisions.
- 3.4 Parties' Agreement to Comply with Applicable Law. Each Party shall remain in compliance with Applicable Law in the course of performing this Agreement.
- 3.4.1 Neither Party shall be liable for any delay or failure in performance resulting from any requirements of Applicable Law, or acts or failures to act of any governmental entity or official.
- 3.4.2 Each Party shall promptly notify the other Party in writing of any governmental action that limits, suspends, cancels, withdraws, or otherwise materially affects, the notifying Party's ability to perform its obligations under this Agreement.
- 3.4.3 Each Party shall be responsible for obtaining and keeping in effect all FCC, Commission, franchise authority and other regulatory approvals that may be required in connection with the performance of its obligations under this Agreement.
- 3.5 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement is held by a court or regulatory agency of competent jurisdiction to be unenforceable or invalid under Applicable Law, such unenforceability or invalidity shall not render unenforceable or invalid any other provision of this Agreement, and this Agreement shall be construed as if it did not contain such unenforceable or invalid provision; provided, that if the unenforceable or invalid provision is a material provision of this Agreement, or the unenforceability or invalidity materially affects the rights or obligations of a Party hereunder or the ability of a Party to perform any material provision of this Agreement, the Parties shall promptly renegotiate in good faith and amend in writing this Agreement in order to make such mutually acceptable revisions to this Agreement as may be required in order to conform the Agreement to Applicable Law. If such amended terms cannot be agreed upon within a reasonable period, either Party may, upon written notice to the other Party, terminate this Agreement without penalty or liability for such termination.

II. OTHER GENERAL TERMS & CONDITIONS

4.0 AMENDMENTS

Any amendment, modification, deletion or supplement to this Agreement must be in writing and signed by an authorized representative of each Party. The term "Agreement" shall include any such future amendments, modifications, deletions and supplements.

5.0 ASSIGNMENT

Any assignment, in whole or in part, by either Party of any right, obligation, duty or interest arising under the Agreement without the written consent of the other Party shall be null and void, except

that either Party may assign, to the extent consistent with Applicable Law, all of its rights, and delegate its obligations, liabilities and duties under this Agreement, either in whole or in part, to any entity that is, or that was immediately preceding such assignment, a subsidiary or Affiliate of that Party without consent, upon ninety (90) calendar days' written notification. The effectiveness of an assignment shall be conditioned upon the assignee's written assumption of the rights, obligations, and duties of the assigning Party, and the other Party being reasonably satisfied that the assignee is able to fulfill the assignor's obligations hereunder. Any attempt to make an assignment or delegation in violation of this section shall constitute a default of this Agreement.

6.0 ASSURANCE OF PAYMENT

Upon request by CenturyLink, Pine Belt shall provide to CenturyLink a deposit for or an adequate assurance of payment of amounts due (or to become due) to CenturyLink hereunder. Pine Belt's failure to provide such deposit or assurance of payment to CenturyLink within thirty (30) calendar days of CenturyLink's request for same shall constitute a default under this Agreement.

- 6.1 When a Deposit/Assurance of Payment Is Required. Such deposit or assurance of payment of charges may be requested by CenturyLink if Pine Belt (a) in CenturyLink's reasonable judgment, at the Effective Date or at any time thereafter, does not have established credit with CenturyLink, (b) in CenturyLink's reasonable judgment, at the Effective Date or at any time thereafter, is unable to demonstrate that it is creditworthy, (c) fails to timely pay a bill rendered to Pine Belt by CenturyLink, or (d) admits its inability to pay its debts as such debts become due, has commenced a voluntary case (or has had a case commenced against it) under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or any other law relating to bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, winding-up, composition or adjustment of debts or the like, has made an assignment for the benefit of creditors or is subject to a receivership or similar proceeding.
- 6.2 Calculating the Amount of Deposit/Assurance of Payment. Unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, such deposit will be calculated based on the greater of (1) CenturyLink's estimated two-month charges to Pine Belt (including, but not limited to, both recurring and non-recurring charges) using Pine Belt's forecast of interconnection facilities and any other facilities or services to be ordered from CenturyLink, or (2) \$5,000. If Pine Belt does not provide a forecast of its facility or service demand under this Agreement, Pine Belt shall provide, upon CenturyLink's request, a deposit or assurance of payment of charges in an amount of \$5000.
- 6.3 Modifying the Amount of Deposit/Assurance of Payment. CenturyLink reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to modify the amount of the deposit or assurance of payment required of Pine Belt if Pine Belt is repeatedly delinquent in making its payments, or Pine Belt is being reconnected after a disconnection of service or discontinuance of the processing of orders by CenturyLink due to Pine Belt's previous non-payment, or when conditions otherwise justify such action based on actual billing history and/or the credit rating of Pine Belt. "Repeatedly delinquent" means any payment received thirty (30) calendar days or more after the bill due date, three (3) or more times during a twelve (12) month period. CenturyLink also may require an additional amount of deposit or assurance of payment at any time after the submission of the original deposit or assurance of payment if Pine Belt's average monthly billing exceeds the estimated two-months billing based on Pine Belt's forecasts referenced in Section 6.2 above or if Pine Belt has failed to make timely payments in accordance with Section 9.2.
- 6.4 Form of Deposit/Assurance of Payment. Unless otherwise agreed by the Parties, the deposit or assurance of payment shall, at CenturyLink's option, consist of (a) a cash security deposit in U.S. dollars held by CenturyLink, or (b) an unconditional, irrevocable standby letter of credit naming CenturyLink as the beneficiary thereof and otherwise in

form and substance satisfactory to CenturyLink from a financial institution acceptable to CenturyLink.

- 6.5 Intentionally left blank.
- 6.6 Interest on Cash Deposit. CenturyLink shall pay interest on any such cash deposit in accordance with state requirements for End User deposits if such exist
- 6.7 Drawing on Deposit/Assurance of Payment. CenturyLink may (but is not obligated to) draw on the letter of credit or cash deposit, as applicable, upon notice to Pine Belt in respect of any amounts to be paid by Pine Belt hereunder that are not paid within thirty (30) calendar days of the date that payment of such amounts is required by this Agreement.
- 6.8 Pine Belt's Replenishment of Deposit/Assurance of Payment. If CenturyLink draws on the letter of credit or cash deposit, upon request by CenturyLink, Pine Belt shall provide a replacement or supplemental letter of credit or cash deposit conforming to the requirements of Section 6.2.
- 6.9 Effect on Other Obligations. Notwithstanding anything else set forth in this Agreement, if CenturyLink makes a request for a deposit or assurance of payment in accordance with the terms of this Section 6, then CenturyLink shall have no obligation thereafter to perform under this Agreement until such time as Pine Belt has provided CenturyLink with such deposit or assurance of payment. The fact that a deposit or a letter of credit is requested by CenturyLink hereunder shall in no way relieve Pine Belt from compliance with the requirements of this Agreement (including, but not limited to, any applicable Tariffs) as to advance payments and timely payment for facilities or services, nor constitute a waiver or modification of the terms herein pertaining to the discontinuance of services for nonpayment of any amounts, payment of which is required by this Agreement.

7.0 AUDITS

- 7.1 Billing Audits. Except as may be otherwise specifically provided in this Agreement, either Party ("Auditing Party") may audit the other Party's ("Audited Party") books, records, documents, facilities and systems for the purpose of evaluating the accuracy of the Audited Party's bills and invoicing. Such audits may be performed once in each Contract Year; provided, however, that audits may be conducted more frequently (but no more frequently than once in each contract quarter) if the immediately preceding audit found previously uncorrected net inaccuracies in billing in favor of the Auditing Party of five percent (5%) or more. For purposes of this Section 7.1, "Contract Year" means a twelve (12) month period during the term of the Agreement commencing on the Effective Date and each anniversary thereof.
- 7.1.1 Scope of Audit. The scope of the audit shall be limited to the services provided and/or purchased by the Parties and the associated charges, books, records, data and other documents relating thereto for the period which is the shorter of (i) the period subsequent to the last day of the period covered by the audit which was last performed (or if no audit has been performed, the Effective Date) and (ii) the twelve (12) month period immediately preceding the date the Audited Party received notice of such requested audit.
- 7.1.2 Auditors and Commencement of Audit. The audit shall be performed by independent certified public accountants selected and paid by the Auditing Party. The accountants shall be reasonable competent in telecommunications

and be reasonably acceptable to the Audited Party. Prior to commencing the audit, the accountants shall execute an agreement with the Audited Party in a form reasonably acceptable to the Audited Party that protects the confidentiality of the information disclosed by the Audited Party to the accountants. The audit shall take place at a time and place agreed upon by the Parties; provided, that the Auditing Party may require that the audit commence no later than sixty (60) calendar days after the Auditing Party has given notice of the audit to the Audited Party; except that the Audited Party has the right to extend the 60 days for specific resource availability conflict reasons such as the financial Year End close of books, information or billing system conversions in progress or schedules to start during the audit or proper commitment of resources to other audits or rate cases. In such a case, the Audited Party must provide written certification of the conflict and the expected resource availability date. The audit shall be completed within forty-five (45) calendar days after its commencement.

- 7.1.3 Cooperation of the Parties. Each Party shall cooperate fully in any such audit, providing reasonable access to any and all employees, books, records, documents, facilities and systems, reasonably necessary to assess the accuracy of the Audited Party's bills. Each audit shall be conducted on the premises of the Audited Party where the Audited Party's records reside, will take place during normal business hours and shall comply the Audited Party's normal security procedures.
- 7.1.4 Audit Expenses. Audits shall be performed at the Auditing Party's expense, unless the audit found billing errors or inaccuracies in favor of the Auditing Party of five percent (5%) or more, in which case the Audited Party shall reimburse the Auditing Party for its expense in performing said audit. There shall be no charge for reasonable access to the Audited Party's employees, books, records, documents, facilities and systems necessary to assess the accuracy of the Audited Party's bills.
- 7.1.5 Audit Summary. Neither Party shall have access to the data of the other Party, but shall rely upon summary results provided by the auditor. The Audited Party may redact from the books, records and other documents provided to the auditor any confidential information of the Audited Party that reveals the identity of other customers of the Audited Party. Each Party shall maintain reports, records and data relevant to the billing of any services that are the subject matter of this Agreement for a period of not less than twenty-four (24) months after creation thereof, unless a longer period is required by Applicable Law.
- 7.1.6 Adjustments. Adjustments to the Audited Party's charges shall be made to correct errors or omissions disclosed by an audit. The performance of adjustments shall be subject to examination. The Audited Party will provide a formal written response to any findings in an audit within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of any such findings. The Auditing Party in turn will respond to the Audited Party's response within forty-five (45) calendar days of receipt of the Audited Party's response.
- 7.1.7 Overcharges or Undercharges. If any audit confirms any overcharge, then the billing Party (or the Party that billed for services at more than the appropriate charge) shall promptly correct any billing error, including refunding any overpayment by the other Party in the form of a credit on the invoice for the first full billing cycle after the Parties have agreed upon the accuracy of the audit results. If any audit confirms any undercharge, then the billed Party (or the Party that was provided services at less than the appropriate charge) shall immediately compensate the billing Party for such undercharge. In each case of

overcharge or undercharge, such rectifying credits and/or payments will be subject to interest at the lesser of one and one-half (1 ½%) percent per month or the highest rate of interest that may be charged under Applicable Law, compounded daily, for the number of days from the date on which such undercharge or overcharge originated until the date on which such credit is issued or payment is made and available, as the case may be.

7.1.8 Disputes. Any disputes concerning audit results shall be referred to the Parties' designated representative(s) who have authority to settle the dispute. If these individuals cannot resolve the dispute within thirty (30) calendar days of the referral, the matter shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 20 regarding dispute resolution.

7.2 Traffic Audits. On thirty (30) calendar days' written notice, each Party must provide the other the ability and opportunity to conduct an annual audit to ensure the proper routing and billing of traffic. CenturyLink and Pine Belt shall retain records of call detail for a minimum of nine (9) months from which a Percentage Local Use (PLU) and Percentage intrastate/interMTA (PIIU) can be ascertained. The audit shall be accomplished during normal business hours at an office designated by the Party being audited. Audit requests shall not be submitted more frequently than one (1) time per Contract Year (as defined in Section 7.1 above). Audits shall be performed by a mutually acceptable independent auditor paid for by the Party requesting the audit. The PLU and PIIU shall be adjusted based upon the audit results and shall apply to the usage for the quarter the audit was completed, to the usage for the quarter prior to the completion of the audit, and to the usage for the two quarters following the completion of the audit.

7.2.1 Percentage Local Use. Upon request of either Party, each Party will report to the other an accurate Percentage Local Usage ("PLU") to determine the amount of Local Traffic minutes to be billed to the other Party unless the billing Party is able to track Local Traffic usage. For purposes of developing the PLU, each Party shall consider every Local Traffic call and every non-Local Traffic call, excluding Transit Traffic. Requests to calculate or recalculate PLU shall be made no more frequently than every twelve (12) months. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the terminating Party has message recording technology that identifies the jurisdiction of traffic terminated as defined in this Agreement, such information shall be utilized to determine the appropriate Local Traffic usage compensation to be paid, if any, in lieu of PLU at the terminating Party's option.

8.0 AUTHORIZATION AND AUTHORITY

8.1 Each person whose signature appears on this Agreement represents and warrants that he or she has authority to bind the Party on whose behalf he or she has executed this Agreement. Each Party represents he or she has had the opportunity to consult with legal counsel of his, her or its choosing, and Pine Belt has not relied on CenturyLink's counsel or on representations by CenturyLink's personnel not specifically contained in this Agreement, in entering into this Agreement.

8.2 CenturyLink represents and warrants that it is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Alabama and has full power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations under this Agreement.

8.3 Pine Belt represents and warrants that it is a corporation duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the State of Alabama, and has full power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement and to perform its obligations under this Agreement.

- 8.4 Pine Belt Certification. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, CenturyLink shall have no obligation to perform under this Agreement until such time as Pine Belt has obtained such FCC and Commission authorization(s) as may be required by Applicable Law for conducting business in the State as a Pine Belt. Pine Belt must represent and warrant to CenturyLink that it is an authorized local provider of wireless Telephone Exchange Service in the State. Pine Belt will provide a copy of its evidence of its status to CenturyLink upon request. Pine Belt shall not place any orders under this Agreement until it has obtained such authorization. Pine Belt shall provide proof of such authorization to CenturyLink upon request.

9.0 BILLING & PAYMENTS/DISPUTED AMOUNTS

Except as provided elsewhere in this Agreement and, where applicable, in conformance with Multiple Exchange Carrier Access Billing (MECAB) guidelines and Multiple Exchange Carriers Ordering and Design Guidelines for Access Services-Industry Support Interface (MECOD), Pine Belt and CenturyLink agree to exchange all information to accurately, reliably, and properly order and bill for features, functions and services provided under this Agreement.

- 9.1 Back Billing. The Parties will bill each other in a timely manner. Neither Party will initiate credit claims or bill the other Party for previously unbilled, under-billed or over-billed charges for services that were provided more than one (1) year prior to the applicable bill date. Each Party will provide prompt notice of any intent to claim credits or bill for charges incurred more than ninety (90) calendar days prior.
- 9.2 Payment. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, payment of amounts billed for services provided under this Agreement, whether billed on a monthly basis or as otherwise provided in this Agreement, shall be due, in immediately available U.S. funds, within thirty (30) calendar days of the Bill Date ("Bill Due Date"). If the Bill Due Date is a Saturday, Sunday, or has been designated a bank holiday, payment will be made the next Business Day. Payments may be transmitted by electronic funds transfer. Late payment charges, if any, will be payable in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.
- 9.3 Late Payment Charges. If any undisputed amount due on a billing statement is not received by the billing Party by the Bill Due Date, the billing Party shall calculate and assess, and the billed Party agrees to pay, a late payment charge on the past due balance equal to one and one-half (1 ½%) percent per month or the highest rate of interest that may be charged under Applicable Law, compounded daily, for the number of days from the Bill Date until the date on which such payment is made. Such late payment charges shall be included on the billing Party's next statement to the billed Party.
- 9.4 Disputed Amounts. If any portion of an amount billed by a Party under this Agreement is subject to a good faith dispute between the Parties, the billed Party shall give written notice to the billing Party of the amounts it disputes ("Disputed Amounts") and shall include in such notice the specific details and reasons for disputing each item. Such written notice shall be submitted in accordance with the guidelines for submitting billing dispute claims set forth in CenturyLink's CMRS Service Guide. Disputed billing claims shall be submitted no later than the Bill Due Date. Failure by the billed Party to file any such claim before the Bill Due Date means that the total charges billed are due and payable to the billing Party on the due date. The billed Party may not withhold payment of amounts past the due date pending a later filing of a dispute, but must pay all amounts due for which it has not provided a written notice of dispute on or prior to the Bill Due Date. If the billed Party disputes charges after the Bill Due Date and has not paid such charges, such charges shall be subject to late payment charges. Both Pine Belt and CenturyLink agree to expedite the investigation of any Disputed Amounts, promptly

provide all documentation regarding the amount disputed that is reasonably requested by the other Party, and work in good faith in an effort to resolve and settle the dispute through informal means prior to initiating formal dispute resolution.

9.4.1 If the billed Party disputes any charges and any portion of the dispute is resolved in favor of the billed Party, the Parties shall cooperate to ensure that (a) the billing Party shall credit the invoice of the billed Party for that portion of the Disputed Amount resolved in favor of the billed Party, together with any late payment charges assessed with respect thereto no later than the second Bill Due Date after the resolution of the billing dispute.

9.4.2 If the Parties cannot resolve the dispute through established billing dispute procedures within 180 days of the billed Party providing written notice of Disputed Amounts to the billing Party, the billed Party shall file a petition for formal dispute resolution pursuant to Section 20.3 of this Article (without regard for any further informal dispute resolution negotiations that may be referenced in Section 20.3). If the billed Party fails to seek formal dispute resolution pursuant to Section 20.3 within one (1) year of the billed Party providing written notice to the billing Party of such Disputed Amounts, the billed Party waives its alleged entitlement to and/or right to withhold such Disputed Amount.

9.5 Effect of Non-Payment.

9.5.1 If the billed Party does not remit payment of all undisputed charges on a bill by the Bill Due Date, the billing Party may discontinue processing orders for relevant or like services provided under this Agreement on or after the tenth (10th) calendar day following the Bill Due Date. The billing Party will notify the other Party in writing, via email or certified mail, at least five (5) Calendar Days prior to discontinuing the processing of orders for the relevant services. If the billing Party does not refuse to accept additional orders for service(s) on the date specified in such notice, and the billed Party's non-compliance continues, nothing contained herein shall preclude the billing Party from refusing to accept any or all additional orders for service(s) from the non-complying Party without further notice or from billing and collecting the appropriate charges from the billed Party. For order processing to resume, the billed Party will be required to make full payment of all past and current undisputed charges under this Agreement for the relevant services. Additionally, the billing Party may require a deposit or assurance of payment (or additional deposit or assurance of payment) from the billed Party, pursuant to Section 6. In addition to other remedies that may be available at law or equity, the billed Party reserves the right to seek equitable relief, including injunctive relief and specific performance.

9.5.2 Notwithstanding 9.5.1 above, if the billed Party does not remit payment of all undisputed charges on a bill by the Bill Due Date, the billing Party may at its option disconnect any and all relevant or related services provided under this Agreement following written notification to the billed Party at least seven (7) Business Days prior to disconnection of the unpaid service(s). Such notification may be included in a notification to refuse to accept additional orders so long as the appropriate dates for each consequence are listed therein. If the billed Party subsequently pays all of such undisputed charges and desires to reconnect any such disconnected services, the billed Party shall pay the applicable charge set forth in this Agreement or in the applicable Tariff for reconnecting each service disconnected pursuant to this paragraph. In case of such disconnection, all applicable undisputed charges, including termination charges, shall become due and payable. If the billing Party does not disconnect the billed Party's service(s)

on the date specified in such notice, and the billed Party's non-compliance continues, nothing contained herein shall preclude the billing Party from disconnecting all service(s) of the non-complying Party without further notice or from billing and collecting the appropriate charges from the billed Party. For reconnection of the non-paid service to occur, the billed Party will be required to make full payment of all past and current undisputed charges under this Agreement for the relevant services. Additionally, the billing Party may require a deposit or assurance of payment (or additional deposit or assurance of payment) from the billed Party, pursuant to Section 6. In addition to other remedies that may be available at law or equity, the billing Party reserves the right to seek equitable relief, including injunctive relief and specific performance.

- 9.5.3 Notwithstanding 9.5.1 and 9.5.2 above, if the billing Party is forced to undertake collection efforts for undisputed, defaulted or post-termination amounts outstanding, the billed Party is liable for reimbursement to the billing Party any and all costs associated with the collection of such a debt including but not limited to collection agency fees and legal fees.

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11.0 CAPACITY PLANNING AND FORECASTS

Within thirty (30) calendar days from the Effective Date of this Agreement, or as soon after the Effective Date as practicable, the Parties agree to meet and develop joint planning and forecasting responsibilities which are applicable to local services, number portability and interconnection services. CenturyLink may delay processing Pine Belt service orders should Pine Belt not perform obligations as specified in this Section. Such responsibilities shall include but are not limited to the following:

- 11.1 The Parties will establish periodic reviews of network and technology plans and will notify one another no later than six (6) months in advance of changes that would impact either Party's provision of services.
- 11.2 Pine Belt will furnish to CenturyLink information that provides for statewide annual forecasts of order activity, in-service quantity forecasts, and facility/demand forecasts. If during the Term of this Agreement, Pine Belt desires to offer services in a CenturyLink local calling area for which Pine Belt has not previously submitted a forecast, Pine Belt shall submit a revised statewide annual forecast that incorporates the information identified above for the new local calling area or a supplemental forecast for such local calling area providing the information identified above. Pine Belt shall submit such revised or supplemental forecast as soon as practicable, but in no event less than thirty (30) calendar days before it orders services and/or facilities under this Agreement in the new CenturyLink local calling area.
- 11.3 The Parties will develop joint forecasting responsibilities for traffic exchange over trunk groups and yearly forecasted trunk quantities as set forth in Article IV (Interconnection).
- 11.4 Pine Belt shall notify CenturyLink promptly of any changes in Pine Belt's business or prevailing business conditions that may impact any of its forecasts in the next forecasting period more than ten percent (10%) to current forecasts (increase or decrease). Pine Belt orders that exceed its forecast shall only be filled by CenturyLink to the extent that requested capacity is Currently Available.

- 11.5 CenturyLink reserves the right to condition the fulfillment of additional service orders on satisfactory Pine Belt fill rates in previously ordered capacity, or on Pine Belt payment for all of the additional capacity absent satisfactory fill rates.

11.5.1 Requested or forecasted facility additions not justified by traffic fill rates and fill rate trends will not be provisioned unless Pine Belt provides proof of the needed increase at a specific point in time. All information provided by Pine Belt will be considered confidential information under federal law and Agreement terms.

- 11.6 CenturyLink reserves the right to assess Pine Belt a stranded plant/facility or discontinued service order charge for capacity forecast by Pine Belt but not used by Pine Belt within six (6) months after a forecast period to the extent that CenturyLink built the plant/facility based on Pine Belt's order.

12.0 CHANGES IN LAW

Except as provided in Section 12.3 below, the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall be subject to any and all changes in Applicable Law, including but not limited to changes to rules and regulations that subsequently may be prescribed by any federal, state or local governmental authority having competent jurisdiction.

- 12.1 Removal of Existing Obligations. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, if, as a result of any legislative, judicial, regulatory or other governmental decision, order, determination or action, or any change in Applicable Law subsequent to the Effective Date, CenturyLink is no longer required by Applicable Law to continue to provide any service, facility, payment or benefit otherwise required to be provided to Pine Belt under this Agreement, then CenturyLink may discontinue the provision of any such service, facility, payment or benefit. CenturyLink will provide thirty (30) calendar days prior written notice to Pine Belt of any such discontinuation of a service or facility, unless a different notice period or different conditions are specified by Applicable Law for termination of such service, facility, payment or benefit, in which event such specified period and/or conditions shall apply. The Parties may amend this Agreement pursuant to Section 4 to reflect such change in Applicable Law. If Pine Belt disputes CenturyLink's discontinuance of such service, facility, payment or benefit, the dispute resolution procedures of Section 20 shall apply, and any consequent changes to the terms of this Agreement (including billing terms) as a result of such change in Applicable Law shall be retroactive to the discontinuation date set forth in CenturyLink's written notice to Pine Belt or the date specified by Applicable Law, whichever applies.
- 12.2 Additions to Existing Obligations. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, if, as a result of any legislative, judicial, regulatory or other governmental decision, order, determination or action, or any change in Applicable Law subsequent to the Effective Date, CenturyLink is required by such change in Applicable Law to provide a service not already provided to Pine Belt under the terms of this Agreement, the Parties agree to add or modify, in writing, the affected term(s) and condition(s) of this Agreement to the extent necessary to bring them into compliance with such change in Applicable Law. The Parties shall initiate negotiations to add or modify such terms upon the written request of a Party. The Parties agree to negotiate such additional or modified terms and conditions within thirty (30) calendar days of receipt of the requesting Party's written request. If the Parties cannot agree to additional or modified terms to amend the Agreement, the Parties shall submit the dispute to dispute resolution pursuant to the procedures set forth in Section 20.
- 12.3 Notwithstanding Sections 12.1 and 12.2, to the extent that the Parties have agreed to any terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement that do not reflect or fully reflect the

extent of the Parties' respective rights and/or obligations under Applicable Law for good and valuable consideration through the process of good faith negotiations, a subsequent change in Applicable Law may not be given effect in this Agreement, through the amendment process or otherwise, without the mutual consent of both Parties. Any terms reached by the Parties constituting a Voluntary Agreement to which this Section 12.3 applies shall be identified as being an agreement made "pursuant to Section 12.3" or by language of similar import.

13.0 CLEC PROFILE

- 13.1 Pine Belt shall not place any orders under this Agreement until it has completed and submitted to CenturyLink a "CLEC Profile," in a form provided by CenturyLink and, if required by CenturyLink, paid a deposit for assurance of payment pursuant to Section 9. Among other things required to be listed on the CLEC Profile, Pine Belt will provide to CenturyLink its Operating Company Number (OCN), Company Code (CC), and Customer Carrier Name Abbreviation (CCNA) as described in the CenturyLink Service Guide.

14.0 CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

- 14.1 Identification. Either Party may disclose to the other proprietary or confidential customer, technical, or business information in written, graphic, oral or other tangible or intangible forms ("Confidential Information"). In order for information to be considered Confidential Information under this Agreement, it must be marked "Confidential" or "Proprietary," or bear a marking of similar import. Orally or visually disclosed information shall be deemed Confidential Information only if contemporaneously identified as such and reduced to writing and delivered to the other Party with a statement or marking of confidentiality within thirty (30) calendar days after oral or visual disclosure.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, pre-orders, and all orders for services placed by Pine Belt pursuant to this Agreement, and information that would constitute Customer Proprietary Network Information (CPNI) of Pine Belt End User Customers pursuant to the Act and the rules and regulations of the FCC, as well as recorded usage information with respect to Pine Belt End User Customers, whether disclosed by Pine Belt to CenturyLink or otherwise acquired by CenturyLink in the course of its performance under this Agreement, is considered Confidential Information.

- 14.2 Handling. In order to protect such Confidential Information from improper disclosure, each Party agrees:
- (a) That all Confidential Information shall be and shall remain the exclusive property of the source;
 - (b) To limit access to such Confidential Information to authorized employees who have a need to know the Confidential Information for performance of this Agreement;
 - (c) To keep such Confidential Information confidential and to use the same level of care to prevent disclosure or unauthorized use of any Confidential Information it receives as it exercises in protecting its own Confidential Information of a similar nature;

(d) Not to copy, publish, or disclose such Confidential Information to others or authorize anyone else to copy, publish, or disclose such Confidential Information to others without the prior written approval of the source;

(e) To promptly return any copies of such Confidential Information to the source at its request;

(f) To use such Confidential Information only for purposes of performing work or services described hereunder and for other purposes only upon such terms as may be agreed upon between the Parties in writing; and

(g) Subject to the exceptions in Section 14.3 below, if the Party receiving Confidential Information wishes to disclose the disclosing Party's Confidential Information to a third-party, such disclosure must be agreed to in writing by the disclosing Party, and the third-party must have executed a written agreement of nondisclosure and nonuse comparable in scope to the terms of this Section.

14.3 Exceptions. These obligations shall not apply to any Confidential Information that was legally in the recipient's possession prior to receipt from the source, was received in good faith from a third party not subject to a confidential obligation to the source, now is or later becomes publicly known through no breach of confidential obligation by the recipient, was developed by the recipient without the developing persons having access to any of the Confidential Information received in confidence from the source, or that is required to be disclosed pursuant to subpoena or other legal process issued by a court or administrative agency having appropriate jurisdiction; provided, however, that, subject to Sections 28.3 and 28.3.1, the recipient shall give prior notice to the source before disclosing Confidential Information and shall reasonably cooperate if the source deems it necessary to seek protective arrangements.

14.4 Survival.

The obligation of confidentiality and use with respect to Confidential Information disclosed by one Party to the other shall survive any termination of this Agreement for a period of three (3) years from the date of the initial disclosure of the Confidential Information.

15.0 CONSENT

Except as otherwise expressly stated in this Agreement (including, but not limited to, where consent, approval, agreement or a similar action is stated to be within a Party's sole discretion), where consent, approval, mutual agreement or a similar action is required by any provision of this Agreement, such action shall not be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed.

16.0 CONTACTS BETWEEN THE PARTIES

Each Party shall update its own contact information and escalation list and shall provide such information to the other Party for purposes of inquiries regarding the implementation of this Agreement. Each Party shall accept all inquiries from the other Party and provide a timely response. The Guide will include a single contact telephone number for CenturyLink's CMRS Service Center (via an 800#) that Pine Belt may call for all ordering and status inquiries and other day-to-day inquiries between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m., Monday through Friday (except holidays). The contact information for a person or persons to whom Pine Belt can escalate issues dealing with the implementation of the Agreement and/or for assistance in resolving disputes arising under the Agreement will be provided.

17.0 CONTACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, Pine Belt shall provide the exclusive interface with Pine Belt's End User Customers.

18.0 COUNTERPARTS

This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original and all of which together shall constitute one and the same instrument.

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20.0 DISPUTE RESOLUTION

1. The following provisions apply to dispute resolution under the Agreement, except that the terms of Section 9 shall also apply to the resolution of any billing disputes.
2. Alternative to Litigation. Except as provided under §252 of the Act with respect to the approval of this Agreement by the Commission, the Parties desire to resolve disputes arising out of or relating to this Agreement without litigation. Accordingly, except for an action seeking a temporary restraining order, an injunction related to the purposes of this Agreement, or suit to compel compliance with this dispute resolution process, the Parties agree that the following resolution procedures shall be used. The dispute resolution provisions of this Section shall not preclude the Parties from seeking relief available in any other forum.

(a) A Party may not submit a dispute to any court, commission or agency of competent jurisdiction for resolution unless at least sixty (60) Days have elapsed after the Party asserting the dispute has given written notice of such dispute to the other Party. Such notice must explain in reasonable detail the specific circumstances and grounds for each disputed item. If a Party gives notice of a billing dispute more than thirty (30) Days after the billing date and has not paid the disputed amounts by the payment due date, then the notice of such dispute shall be deemed to have been given thirty (30) Days after the billing date for purposes of calculating the time period before such dispute may be submitted to any court, commission or agency of competent jurisdiction for resolution.

(b) The Parties shall meet or confer as often as they reasonably deem necessary in order to discuss the dispute and negotiate in good faith in an effort to resolve such dispute. The specific format for such discussions will be left to the discretion of the Parties, provided, however, that all reasonable requests for relevant, non-privileged, information made by one Party to the other Party shall be honored, and provided that the following terms and conditions shall apply:

(c) If the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute in the normal course of business within thirty (30) Days after delivery of notice of the Dispute (or such longer period as may be specifically provided for in other provisions of this Agreement), then upon the request of either Party, the dispute shall be escalated to other representatives of each Party that have more authority over the subject matter of the dispute. Referral of a dispute by a Party to its legal counsel shall be considered an escalation for purposes of this paragraph.

(d) If the Parties are unable to resolve the dispute within sixty (60) Days after delivery of the initial notice of the dispute, then either Party may file a petition or complaint with any court, commission or agency of competent jurisdiction seeking resolution of the dispute. The petition or complaint shall include a statement that both Parties have agreed to request an expedited resolution within sixty (60) Days from the date on which the petition or complaint was filed, or within such shorter time as may be appropriate for any Service Affecting dispute.

(e) Each Party shall bear its own costs in connection with any dispute resolution procedures, unless otherwise ordered by a court, commission or agency of competent jurisdiction.

(f) During dispute resolution proceedings conducted by any court, commission or agency of competent jurisdiction each Party shall continue to perform its obligations under this Agreement provided, however, that neither Party shall be required to act in any unlawful fashion.

(g) A dispute which has been resolved by a written settlement agreement between the Parties or pursuant to a determination by any court, commission or agency of competent jurisdiction may not be resubmitted under the dispute resolution process.

21.0 ENTIRE AGREEMENT

This Agreement constitutes the entire agreement of the Parties pertaining to the subject matter of this Agreement and supersedes all prior agreements, negotiations, proposals, and representations, whether written or oral, and all contemporaneous oral agreements, negotiations, proposals, and representations concerning such subject matter. No representations, understandings, agreements, or warranties, expressed or implied, have been made or relied upon in the making of this Agreement other than those specifically set forth herein.

22.0 EXPENSES

22.1 In performing under this Agreement, CenturyLink may be required to make expenditures or otherwise incur costs that are not otherwise reimbursed under this Agreement. In such event, CenturyLink is entitled to reimbursement from Pine Belt for all such costs. For all such costs and expenses, CenturyLink shall receive through nonrecurring charges ("NRCs") the actual costs and expenses incurred, including labor costs and expenses, overhead and fixed charges, and may include a reasonable contribution to CenturyLink's common costs. If Pine Belt makes a request that involves expenditures or costs not otherwise covered under this agreement, CenturyLink will provide a quote to Pine Belt in a timely manner and Pine Belt must agree to accept the quoted charges prior to CenturyLink's initiation of work.

22.2 Except as specifically set out in this Agreement, each Party shall be solely responsible for its own expenses involved in all activities related to the subject of this Agreement.

23.0 FORCE MAJEURE

23.1 In the event performance of this Agreement, or any obligation hereunder, is either directly or indirectly prevented, restricted, or interfered with by reason of fire, flood, earthquake or like acts of God, wars, terrorism, revolution, civil commotion, explosion, acts of public enemy, embargo, acts of the government in its sovereign capacity, labor difficulties, including without limitation, strikes, slowdowns, picketing, or boycotts, unavailability of equipment from vendor, changes requested by customer, or any other material change of circumstances beyond the reasonable control and without the fault or negligence of the Party affected ("Force Majeure Events"), the Party affected, upon giving prompt notice to the other Party, shall be excused from such performance on a day-to-day basis to the extent of such prevention, restriction, or interference (and the other Party shall likewise be excused from performance of its obligations on a day-to-day

basis until the delay, restriction or interference has ceased); *provided however*, that the Party so affected shall use commercially reasonable efforts to avoid or remove such causes of nonperformance or Force Majeure Events, and both Parties shall proceed whenever such causes or Force Majeure Events are removed or cease.

23.2 It is expressly agreed that insolvency or financial distress of a Party is not a Force Majeure Event and is not otherwise subject to this Section 23. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 23.1 above, in no case shall a Force Majeure Event excuse either Party from an obligation to pay money as required by this Agreement.

24.3 Nothing in this Agreement shall require the non-performing Party to settle any labor dispute except as the non-performing Party, in its sole discretion, determines appropriate.

24.0 FRAUD

Pine Belt assumes responsibility for all fraud associated with its End User Customers and accounts. CenturyLink will cooperate in good faith but shall bear no responsibility for, nor is it required to investigate or make adjustments to, Pine Belt's account in cases of fraud.

25.0 GOOD FAITH PERFORMANCE

25.1 The Parties shall act in good faith in the performance of their obligations under this Agreement.

25.2 Performance Issues. In the spirit of good faith and upon request by either Party, the Parties agree to meet once a month during the Term of this Agreement, at mutually agreed upon day and time, to discuss the performance of the Parties under this Agreement. The requesting Party should provide a proposed agenda in advance of the meeting. At each such monthly session the Parties may discuss: (i) the administration and maintenance of the interconnections and trunk groups provisioned under this Agreement; (ii) the Parties' provisioning of the services and ancillary functions provided under this Agreement; (iii) and any areas in which such performance may be improved; (iv) any problems that were encountered during the preceding month or anticipated in the upcoming month; (v) the reason underlying any such problem and the effect, if any, that such problem had, has or may have on the performance of the Parties; and (vi) the specific steps taken or proposed to be taken to remedy such problem. In addition to the foregoing, the Parties may meet to discuss any matters that relate to the performance of this Agreement, as may be requested from time to time by either of the Parties.

26.0 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Except as provided in section 30, Neither Party shall have any obligation to defend, indemnify or hold harmless, or acquire any license or right for the benefit of, or owe any other obligation or have any liability to, the other based on or arising from any claim, demand, or proceeding by any third party alleging or asserting that the use of any circuit, apparatus, or system, or the use of any software, or the performance of any service or method, or the provision or use of any facilities by either Party under this Agreement constitutes direct or contributory infringement, or misuse or misappropriation of any patent, copyright, trademark, trade secret, or any other proprietary or intellectual property right of any third party.

27.0 LAW ENFORCEMENT

- 27.1 Except to the extent not available in connection with CenturyLink's operation of its own business, CenturyLink shall provide seven days a week/twenty-four hours a day assistance to law enforcement.
- 27.2 Except where prohibited by a subpoena, civil investigative demand, or other legal process as set forth in Section 28.3.1, CenturyLink agrees to work jointly with Pine Belt in security matters to support law enforcement agency requirements for traps, traces, court orders, etc. Pine Belt shall be responsible for and shall be billed for any charges associated with providing such services for Pine Belt's End User Customers.
- 27.3 Where CenturyLink receives a subpoena from law enforcement, and its database search shows that the telephone number in question is not a CenturyLink account, CenturyLink shall send such information back to law enforcement, along with the name of the company to which such account is connected, if available, for further processing by law enforcement.
- 27.4 If a Party receives a subpoena, civil investigative demand, or other legal process (hereinafter, "subpoena") issued by a court or governmental agency having appropriate jurisdiction, and such subpoena expressly prohibits the Party receiving the subpoena ("receiving Party") from disclosing the receipt of the subpoena or the delivery of a response to the subpoena, such receiving Party shall not be required to notify the other Party that it has received and/or responded to such subpoena, even if the subpoena seeks or the receiving Party's response thereto discloses Confidential Information of the other Party or its customers. Under such circumstances, the receiving Party's disclosure to the other Party of its receipt of or delivery of a response to such a subpoena shall be governed by the requirements of the subpoena and/or the court, governmental agency or law enforcement agency having appropriate jurisdiction.

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29.0 LETTER OF AUTHORIZATION (LOA)

To the extent the Parties have not previously done so, Pine Belt and CenturyLink shall each execute a blanket letter of authorization (LOA) with respect to customer requests to change service providers or to permit either Party to view CPNI prior to a request to change service providers. Under the blanket LOA, a Party authorized by the customer to view or use its CPNI need not provide proof of End User Customer authorization to the other Party before viewing or using the CPNI.

- 29.1.1 Each Party's access to CPNI of another carrier's customer will be limited to instances where the requesting Party has obtained the appropriate authorization required under applicable law to change service providers or release of CPNI from the customer.
- 29.1.2 The requesting Party must maintain records of all customer authorizations to change service providers or release of CPNI in compliance with State and federal law.
- 29.1.3 The requesting Party is solely responsible for determining whether proper authorization has been obtained and holds the other Party harmless from any loss or liability on account of the requesting Party's failure to obtain proper CPNI authorization from a customer.
- 29.1.4 When a blanket LOA has been executed and where such blanket LOA contains the appropriate authorization to change service providers or release CPNI as documented in the CenturyLink Service Guide or otherwise approved in advance by CenturyLink, CenturyLink will not require Pine Belt to submit an individual LOA prior to changing

service providers or releasing CPNI, providing Customer Service Records (CSRs), or processing orders. However, it shall be considered a material breach of this Agreement if Pine Belt submits an order to change service providers or release CPNI where Pine Belt has not yet obtained appropriate authorization to change service providers or release CPNI from the customer. Until a blanket LOA has been executed, a Party wishing to view or end user CPNI of the other Party must provide written proof of End User Customer authorization to the other Party before viewing or using the CPNI.

30.0 LIABILITY AND INDEMNIFICATION

30.1 Indemnification Against Third-Party Claims. Each Party (the "Indemnifying Party") agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the other Party (the "Indemnified Party") and the other Party's Subsidiaries, predecessors, successors, Affiliates, and assigns, and all current and former officers, directors, members, shareholders, agents, contractors and employees of all such persons and entities (collectively, with Indemnified Party, the "Indemnitee Group"), from any and all Claims. "Claim" means any action, cause of action, suit, proceeding, claim, or demand of any third party (and all resulting judgments, bona fide settlements, penalties, damages, losses, liabilities, costs, and expenses (including, but not limited to, reasonable costs and attorneys' fees)), (a) based on allegations that, if true, would establish (i) the Indemnifying Party's breach of this Agreement; (ii) the Indemnifying Party's misrepresentation, fraud or other misconduct; (iii) the Indemnifying Party's negligence; (iv) infringement by the Indemnifying Party or by any Indemnifying Party product or service of any patent, copyright, trademark, service mark, trade name, right of publicity or privacy, trade secret, or any other proprietary right of any third party; (v) the Indemnifying Party's liability in relation to any material that is defamatory or wrongfully discloses private or personal matters; or (vi) the Indemnifying Party's wrongful use or unauthorized disclosure of data; or (b) that arises out of (i) any act or omission of the Indemnifying Party or its subcontractors or agents relating to the Indemnifying Party's performance or obligations under this Agreement; (ii) any act or omission of the Indemnifying Party's customer(s) or End User(s); (iii) the bodily injury or death of any person, or the loss or disappearance of or damage to the tangible property of any person, relating to the Indemnifying Party's performance or obligations under this Agreement; (iv) the Indemnifying Party's design, testing, manufacturing, marketing, promotion, advertisement, distribution, lease or sale of services and/or products to its customers, or such customers' use, possession, or operation of those services and/or products; or (v) personal injury to or any unemployment compensation claim by one or more of the Indemnifying Party's employees, notwithstanding any protections the Indemnifying Party might otherwise have under applicable workers' compensation or unemployment insurance law, which protections the Indemnifying Party waives, as to the Indemnified Party and other persons and entities to be indemnified under this Section 30.1 (other than applicable employee claimant(s)), for purposes of this Section 30.1. "Reasonable costs and attorneys' fees," as used in this Section 30.1, includes without limitation fees and costs incurred to interpret or enforce this Section 30.1. The Indemnified Party will provide the Indemnifying Party with reasonably prompt written notice of any Claim. At the Indemnifying Party's expense, the Indemnified Party will provide reasonable cooperation to the Indemnifying Party in connection with the defense or settlement of any Claim. The Indemnified Party may, at its expense, employ separate counsel to monitor and participate in the defense of any Claim.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 30.1, a Party may not seek indemnification with respect to any Claim by that Party's customer(s) or End User(s), but rather shall be the Indemnifying Party with respect to all Claims by its customer(s) and End User(s).

The Indemnifying Party agrees to release, indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the Indemnitee Group and any third-party provider or operator of facilities involved in the

provision of products, services, or facilities under this Agreement from all losses, claims, demands, damages, expenses, suits, or other actions, or any liability whatsoever, including, but not limited to, costs and attorneys' fees, suffered, made, instituted, or asserted by the Indemnifying Party's End User Customer(s) arising from or relating to any products, services, or facilities provided by or through the Indemnified Party or such third-party provider or operator. The Indemnifying Party further agrees to release, indemnify, defend, and hold harmless the Indemnitee Group from all losses, claims, demands, damages, expenses, suits, or other actions, or any liability whatsoever, including, but not limited to, costs and attorneys' fees, suffered, made, instituted, or asserted by any third party against an Indemnified Party arising from or in any way related to actual or alleged defamation, libel, slander, interference with or misappropriation of proprietary or creative right, or any other injury to any person or property arising out of content transmitted by the Indemnifying Party's End User Customer(s).

30.2 Disclaimer of Warranties. EXCEPT FOR THOSE WARRANTIES EXPRESSLY PROVIDED IN THIS AGREEMENT OR REQUIRED BY STATUTE, EACH PARTY ON BEHALF OF ITSELF AND ITS AFFILIATES AND SUPPLIERS DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES AND DUTIES, WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO THE SERVICES, PRODUCTS AND ANY OTHER INFORMATION OR MATERIALS EXCHANGED BY THE PARTIES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES, DUTIES, OR CONDITIONS OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, REASONABLE CARE, WORKMANLIKE EFFORT, RESULTS, LACK OF NEGLIGENCE, OR ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF RESPONSES. EXCEPT FOR THOSE WARRANTIES EXPRESSLY PROVIDED IN THIS AGREEMENT OR REQUIRED BY STATUTE, THERE IS NO WARRANTY OF TITLE, QUIET ENJOYMENT, QUIET POSSESSION, CORRESPONDENCE TO DESCRIPTION, AUTHORITY, OR NON-INFRINGEMENT WITH RESPECT TO THE SERVICES, PRODUCTS, AND ANY OTHER INFORMATION OR MATERIALS EXCHANGED BY THE PARTIES UNDER THIS AGREEMENT.

30.3 Limitation of Liability; Disclaimer of Consequential Damages; Exceptions.

30.3.1 Except as provided in Section 30.3.3, each Party's liability to the other, whether in contract, tort or otherwise, shall be limited to direct damages, which shall not exceed the monthly charges, plus any related costs/expenses the other Party may recover, including those under Section 22.1 above, and plus any costs/expenses for which the Parties specify reimbursement in this Agreement for the services or facilities for which the claim of liability arose. Except as provided in Section 30.3.3, each Party's liability to the other during any Contract Year resulting from any and all causes will not exceed the total of any amounts charged to Pine Belt by CenturyLink under this Agreement during the Contract Year in which such cause accrues or arises. For purposes of this Section 30.3.1, the first Contract Year commences on the first day this Agreement becomes effective, and each subsequent Contract Year commences on the day following the anniversary of that date.

30.3.2 EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 30.3.3, NEITHER PARTY WILL BE LIABLE TO THE OTHER PARTY FOR ANY INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, RELIANCE, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES SUFFERED BY SUCH OTHER PARTY (INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION DAMAGES FOR HARM TO BUSINESS, LOST REVENUES, LOST SAVINGS, OR LOST PROFITS SUFFERED BY SUCH OTHER PARTY), REGARDLESS OF THE FORM OF ACTION, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, WARRANTY, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, NEGLIGENCE OF ANY KIND WHETHER ACTIVE OR PASSIVE, AND REGARDLESS OF

WHETHER THE PARTIES KNEW OF THE POSSIBILITY THAT SUCH DAMAGES COULD RESULT.

Should either Party provide advice, make recommendations, or supply other analysis related to the services or facilities described in this Agreement, this limitation of liability shall apply to the provision of such advice, recommendations, and analysis.

30.3.3 Section 30.3.1 and Section 30.3.2 do not apply to the following:

- 30.3.3.1 Indemnification under Section 30.1;
- 30.3.3.2 Breach of any obligation of confidentiality referenced in this Agreement;
- 30.3.3.3 Violation of security procedures;
- 30.3.3.4 Any breach by Pine Belt of any provision relating to Pine Belt's access to or use of Operations Support Systems;
- 30.3.3.5 Failure to properly safeguard, or any misuse of, customer data;
- 30.3.3.6 Statutory damages;
- 30.3.3.7 Liability for intentional or willful misconduct;
- 30.3.3.8 Liability arising under any applicable CenturyLink Tariff;
- 30.3.3.9 Liability arising under any indemnification provision contained in this Agreement or any separate agreement or tariff related to provisioning of 911/E911 services;
- 30.3.3.10 Each Party's obligations under Section 27 of this Article III;
- 30.3.3.11 Section 30.4.2 and/or Section 30.4.3 of this Article III;
- 30.3.3.12 Section 45 of this Article III, and/or

30.4 Liability of CenturyLink.

In addition to the general limitation of liability in this Section 32, the following shall also limit CenturyLink's liability under this Agreement.

- 30.4.1 Inapplicability of Tariff Liability. CenturyLink's general liability, as described in its local exchange or other Tariffs, does not extend to Pine Belt, Pine Belt's End User Customer(s), suppliers, agents, employees, or any other third parties. Liability of CenturyLink to Pine Belt resulting from any and all causes arising out of services, facilities, or any other items relating to this Agreement shall be governed by the liability provisions contained in this Agreement and no other liability whatsoever shall attach to CenturyLink. CenturyLink shall not be liable for any loss, claims, liability or damages asserted by Pine Belt, Pine Belt's End User Customer(s), suppliers, agents, employees, or any other third parties where Pine Belt combines or commingles such components with those components provided by CenturyLink to Pine Belt.
- 30.4.2 Pine Belt Contracts. Pine Belt shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless CenturyLink and CenturyLink's Indemnitee Group from any and all claims, demands, causes of action and liabilities whatsoever, including costs, expenses and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred on account thereof, by or to, Pine Belt's End User Customer(s), suppliers, agents, employees, or any other third parties arising out of or in connection with the provision of service under this Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to create a third-party beneficiary relationship between CenturyLink and any of Pine Belt's End User Customers, suppliers, agents, employees, or any other third parties.
- 30.4.3 No Liability for Errors. CenturyLink is not liable for mistakes in CenturyLink's signaling networks (including but not limited to signaling links and Signaling

Transfer Points (STPs) and call-related databases (including but not limited to the Line Information Database (LIDB), Toll Free Calling database, Local Number Portability database, Advanced Intelligent Network databases, Calling Name database (CNAM), 911/E911 databases, and OS/DA databases). Pine Belt shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless CenturyLink and CenturyLink's Indemnitee Group from any and all claims, demands, causes of action and liabilities whatsoever, including costs, expenses and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred on account thereof, by or to Pine Belt's End User Customer(s), suppliers, agents, employees, or any other third. Arising out of or in connection with the provision of service under this Agreement. For purposes of this Section 30.4.3, mistakes shall not include matters arising exclusively out of the willful misconduct of CenturyLink or its employees or agents.

31.0 NETWORK MANAGEMENT

33.1 Cooperation. The Parties will work cooperatively in a commercially reasonable manner to install and maintain a reliable network. Pine Belt and CenturyLink will exchange appropriate information (e.g., network information, maintenance contact numbers, escalation procedures, and information required to comply with requirements of law enforcement and national security agencies) to achieve this desired reliability. In addition, the Parties will work cooperatively in a commercially reasonable manner to apply sound network management principles to alleviate or to prevent traffic congestion and to minimize fraud associated with third number billed calls, calling card calls, and other services related to this Agreement.

31.2 Responsibility for Following Standards. Pine Belt recognizes its responsibility to follow the standards that may be agreed to between the Parties and to employ characteristics and methods of operation that will not interfere with or impair the service, network or facilities of CenturyLink or any third parties connected with or involved directly in the network or facilities of CenturyLink.

31.3 Interference or Impairment. The characteristics and methods of operation of any circuits, facilities or equipment of Pine Belt connected to CenturyLink's network shall not interfere with or impair service over any circuits, facilities or equipment of CenturyLink, its affiliated companies, or its connecting and concurring carriers involved in its services, cause damage to its plant, violate any applicable law or regulation regarding the invasion of privacy of any communications carried over CenturyLink's facilities or create hazards to the employees of CenturyLink or to the public (with the foregoing hereinafter being collectively referred to as an "Impairment of Service").

If Pine Belt causes an Impairment in Service, CenturyLink shall promptly notify Pine Belt of the nature and location of the problem and that, unless promptly rectified, a temporary discontinuance of the use of any circuit, facility or equipment may be required. The Parties agree to work together to attempt to promptly resolve the Impairment of Service. If Pine Belt is unable to promptly remedy the Impairment of Service, then CenturyLink may, at its option, temporarily discontinue the use of the affected circuit, facility or equipment until the Impairment of Service is remedied.

31.4 Outage Repair Standard. In the event of an outage or trouble in any service being provided by CenturyLink hereunder, Pine Belt will follow CenturyLink's standard procedures for isolating and clearing the outage or trouble.

32.0 NON-EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES

Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, each of the remedies provided under this Agreement is cumulative and is in addition to any other remedies that may be available under

this Agreement or at law or in equity.

33.0 NOTICE OF NETWORK CHANGES

If a Party makes a change in the information necessary for the transmission and routing of services using that Party's facilities or network, or any other change in its facilities or network that will materially affect the interoperability of its facilities or network with the other Party's facilities or network, the Party making the change shall publish notice of the change as required by 47 C.F.R. §§ 51.325 through 51. 335.

34.0 NOTICES

34.1 Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, any notice given by one Party to the other Party under this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been received as follows: (a) on the date of service if served personally; (b) on the date three (3) Business Days after mailing if delivered by First Class U.S. mail, postage prepaid; and (c) on the date stated on the receipt if delivered by certified U.S. mail, registered U.S. mail, overnight courier or express delivery service with next Business Day delivery. Any notice shall be delivered using one of the alternatives identified above and shall be directed to the applicable street or post office box address indicated in Section 34.2 below or such address as the Party to be notified has designated by giving notice in compliance with this Section. Although E-mail will not be used to provide notice, the Parties shall provide their E-mail addresses below to facilitate informal communications.

34.2 Notices conveyed pursuant to Section 34.1 above shall be delivered to the following addresses of the Parties:

To Pine Belt:

John C. Nettles , President

PO Box 279

3984 CR 32

Arlington, AL 36722

Telephone Number: 334-385-5000

Internet Address: (E-mail)john@pinebelt.net

with a copy to:

Howard Shapiro

Bennet & Bennet, PLLC

6124 MacArthur Boulevard

Bethesda, MD 20816

Telephone Number: 202-551-0017

Internet Address: hshapiro@bennetlaw.com

To CenturyLink:

Director Wholesale Contracts
930 15th Street 6th Floor Denver, CO 80202
Email: intagree@centurylink.com
Phone: 303-672-2879

With copy to CenturyLink at:

CenturyLink Law Department
Associate General Counsel, Interconnection
1801 California Street, 9th Floor
Denver, CO 80202
Email: Legal.Interconnection@centurylink.com
Phone: 303-383-6553

or to such other address as either Party shall designate by proper notice.

35.0 ORDERING

- 35.1 Ordering and Electronic Interface. A web-based interface is currently being used for Pine Belt to order non-access services. Unless otherwise provided in the Articles of this Agreement, Pine Belt shall use CenturyLink's web-based interface to submit orders and requests for maintenance and repair of services, and to engage in other pre-ordering, ordering, provisioning and dispute transactions.
- 35.2 The Parties agree that orders for services under this Agreement will not be submitted or accepted until the latter of (a) the completion of all account set up activities including but not limited to the submission of the CLEC Profile required by Section 13, the submission of applicable forecasts, the completion of joint planning meetings, and the creation of billing codes for Pine Belt; or (b) sixty (60) Calendar Days after the Effective Date of this Agreement; unless the Parties mutually agree upon a different date based on the specific circumstances of the Parties' relationship.

36.0 POINTS OF CONTACT FOR Pine Belt CUSTOMERS

- 36.1 Pine Belt shall be the primary point of contact for Pine Belt customers. Pine Belt shall establish telephone numbers and mailing addresses at which Pine Belt's End User Customers may communicate with Pine Belt and shall advise Pine Belt End User Customers of these telephone numbers and mailing addresses.
- 36.2 Except as otherwise agreed to by CenturyLink, CenturyLink shall have no obligation, and may decline, to accept a communication from a Pine Belt customer, including but not limited to issues with number ports to Pine Belt.

37.0 PUBLICITY AND USE OF TRADEMARKS

- 37.1 Nothing in this Agreement shall grant, suggest, or imply any authority for one Party to use the name, trademarks, service marks, or trade names of the other for any purpose

whatsoever. A Party, its Affiliates, and their respective contractors and agents, shall not use the other Party's trademarks, service marks, logos or other proprietary trade dress, in connection with the sale of products or services, or in any advertising, press releases, publicity matters or other promotional materials, unless the other Party has given its express written consent for such use, which consent the other Party may grant or withhold in its sole discretion.

- 37.2 Any news release, public announcement, advertising, or any form of publicity pertaining to this Agreement, provision of services, or facilities pursuant to it, or association of the Parties with respect to provision of the services described in this Agreement shall be subject to prior written approval of both CenturyLink and Pine Belt.
- 37.3 Any violation of this Section 37 shall be considered a Default of this Agreement under Section 2.6.

38.0 REFERENCES

- 38.1 All references to Articles, Sections, Appendices and Tables and the like shall be deemed to be references to Articles, Sections, Appendices and Tables of this Agreement unless the context shall otherwise require.
- 38.2 Except as otherwise specified, references within an Article of this Agreement to a Section, Appendix or Table refer to a Section, Appendix or Table within or a part of that same Article.
- 38.3 Unless the context shall otherwise require, any reference in this Agreement to a statute, regulation, rule, Tariff, Price List, technical publication, guide (including CenturyLink or third-party guides, practices or handbooks), or publication of telecommunications industry administrative or technical standards is deemed to be a reference to the most recent version or edition (including any amendments, supplements, addenda or successor) of that statute, regulation, rule, Tariff, Price List, technical publication, guide or publication of the telecommunications industry administrative or technical standards that is in effect.

39.0 RELATIONSHIP OF THE PARTIES

- 39.1 The relationship of the Parties under this Agreement shall be that of independent contractors and nothing herein shall be construed as creating any other relationship between the Parties.
- 39.2 Nothing contained in this Agreement shall make either Party the employee of the other, create a partnership, joint venture, or other similar relationship between the Parties, or grant to either Party a license, franchise, distributorship or similar interest.
- 39.3 Except for provisions herein expressly authorizing a Party to act for another Party, nothing in this Agreement shall constitute a Party as a legal representative or Agent of the other Party, nor shall a Party have the right or authority to assume, create or incur any liability or any obligation of any kind, express or implied, against, in the name or on behalf of the other Party unless otherwise expressly permitted by such other Party in writing, which permission may be granted or withheld by the other Party in its sole discretion.
- 39.4 Each Party shall have sole authority and responsibility to hire, fire, compensate, supervise, and otherwise control its employees, Agents and contractors. Each Party shall be solely responsible for payment of any Social Security or other taxes that it is

required by Applicable Law to pay in conjunction with its employees, Agents and contractors, and for withholding and remitting to the applicable taxing authorities any taxes that it is required by Applicable Law to collect from its employees, including but not limited to Social Security, unemployment, workers' compensation, disability insurance, and federal and state withholding.

- 39.5 Except as provided by Section 42, the persons provided by each Party to perform its obligations hereunder shall be solely that Party's employees and shall be under the sole and exclusive direction and control of that Party. They shall not be considered employees of the other Party for any purpose.
- 39.6 Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, no Party undertakes to perform any obligation of the other Party, whether regulatory or contractual, or to assume any responsibility for the management of the other Party's business.
- 39.7 The relationship of the Parties under this Agreement is a non-exclusive relationship.
- 39.8 Each Party shall indemnify the other for any loss, damage, liability, claim, demand, or penalty that may be sustained by reason of its failure to comply with this provision.

40.0 RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, neither Party waives, and each Party hereby expressly reserves, its rights: (a) to appeal or otherwise seek the reversal of and changes in any arbitration decision associated with this Agreement; (b) to challenge the lawfulness of this Agreement and any provision of this Agreement; (c) to seek changes in this Agreement (including, but not limited to, changes in rates, charges and the services that must be offered) through changes in Applicable Law; and, (d) to challenge the lawfulness and propriety of, and to seek to change, any Applicable Law, including, but not limited to any rule, regulation, order or decision of the Commission, the FCC, or a court of applicable jurisdiction. Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to limit or prejudice any position a Party has taken or may take before the Commission, the FCC, any other state or federal regulatory or legislative bodies, courts of applicable jurisdiction, or industry fora. The provisions of this Section shall survive the expiration, cancellation or termination of this Agreement.

41.0 STANDARD PRACTICES

- 41.1 The Parties acknowledge that CenturyLink shall be adopting some industry standard practices and/or establishing its own standard practices with regard to various requirements hereunder applicable for the Pine Belt industry which may be added or incorporated by reference in the CenturyLink Service Guide and Standard Practices. Pine Belt agrees that CenturyLink may implement such practices to satisfy any CenturyLink obligations under this Agreement.

42.0 SUBCONTRACTORS

A Party may use a contractor of the Party (including, but not limited to, an Affiliate of the Party) to perform the Party's obligations under this Agreement; provided, that a Party's use of a contractor shall not release the Party from any duty or liability to fulfill the Party's obligations under this Agreement.

43.0 SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNS – BINDING EFFECT

This Agreement shall be binding on and inure to the benefit of the Parties and their respective legal successors and permitted assigns.

44.0 SURVIVAL

The rights, liabilities and obligations of a Party for acts or omissions occurring prior to the expiration, cancellation or termination of this Agreement, the rights, liabilities and obligations of a Party under any provision of this Agreement regarding confidential information (including but not limited to, Section 14, limitation or exclusion of liability, indemnification or defense (including, but not limited to, Section 30), and the rights, liabilities and obligations of a Party under any provision of this Agreement which by its terms or nature is intended to continue beyond or to be performed after the expiration, cancellation or termination of this Agreement, shall survive the expiration, cancellation or termination of this Agreement.

45.0 TAXES

Any State or local excise, sales, or use taxes (defined in Section 45.1 but excluding any taxes levied on income) and fees/regulatory surcharges (defined in Section 45.2) resulting from the performance of this Agreement shall be borne by the Party upon which the obligation for payment is imposed under Applicable Law, even if the obligation to collect and remit same is placed upon the other Party. The collecting Party shall charge and collect from the obligated Party, and the obligated Party agrees to pay to the collecting Party, all applicable taxes, or fees/regulatory surcharges, except to the extent that the obligated Party notifies the collecting Party and provides to the collecting Party appropriate documentation as the collecting Party reasonably requires that qualifies the obligated Party for a full or partial exemption. Any such taxes shall be shown as separate items on applicable billing documents between the Parties. The obligated Party may contest the same in good faith, at its own expense, and shall be entitled to the benefit of any refund or recovery, provided that such Party shall not permit any lien to exist on any asset of the other Party by reason of the contest. The collecting Party shall cooperate in any such contest by the other Party. The other Party will indemnify the collecting Party from any sales or use taxes that may be subsequently levied on payments by the other Party to the collecting Party.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, Pine Belt is responsible for furnishing tax exempt status information to CenturyLink at the time of the execution of the Agreement. Pine Belt is also responsible for furnishing any updates or changes in its tax exempt status to CenturyLink during the Initial Term of this Agreement and any Follow-on Terms and/or extensions thereof. In addition, Pine Belt is responsible for submitting and/or filing tax exempt status information to the appropriate regulatory, municipality, local governing, and/or legislative body. It is expressly understood and agreed that Pine Belt's representations to CenturyLink concerning the status of Pine Belt's claimed tax exempt status, if any, and its impact on this Section 45 are subject to the indemnification provisions of Section 30, which, for purposes of this Section, serve to indemnify CenturyLink.

- 45.1 Tax. A tax is defined as a charge which is statutorily imposed by the federal, State or local jurisdiction and is either (a) imposed on the seller with the seller having the right or responsibility to pass the charge(s) on to the purchaser and the seller is responsible for remitting the charge(s) to the federal, State or local jurisdiction or (b) imposed on the purchaser with the seller having an obligation to collect the charge(s) from the purchaser and remit the charge(s) to the federal, State or local jurisdiction.

Taxes shall include but not be limited to: federal excise tax, State/local sales and use tax, State/local utility user tax, State/local telecommunication excise tax, State/local gross receipts tax, and local school taxes. Taxes shall not include income, income-like, gross receipts on the revenue of a CenturyLink, or property taxes. Taxes shall not include payroll withholding taxes unless specifically required by statute or ordinance.

- 45.2 Fees/Regulatory Surcharges. A fee/regulatory surcharge is defined as a charge imposed by a regulatory authority, other agency, or resulting from a contractual obligation, in which the seller is responsible or required to collect the fee/surcharge from the purchaser and the seller is responsible for remitting the charge to the regulatory authority, other agency, or contracting party. Fees/regulatory surcharges shall include but not be limited to E-911/911, other N11, franchise fees, and Commission surcharges.

46.0 TBD PRICES

- 46.1 Certain provisions in this Agreement and its Appendices and/or Attachments may simply refer to pricing principles or identify a rate as “to be determined” or “TBD.” If a provision references a specific rate element in an Appendix or Attachment and there are no corresponding prices or rates in such Appendix or Attachment, such price shall be considered “To Be Determined” (TBD). With respect to all TBD prices, prior to Pine Belt ordering any such TBD item, the Parties shall meet and confer to establish a price.
- 46.2 In the event the Parties are unable to agree upon a price for a TBD item, the tariffed rate for the most analogous tariffed product or service shall be used as the interim price. Either Party may then invoke the dispute resolution process set forth in Article III to resolve disputes regarding TBD pricing or the interim price, provided that such dispute resolution process is invoked no later than one (1) year after the applicable interim price is established. Any interim price will be subject to a true-up, not to exceed one (1) year, once a permanent price is established.

47.0 TECHNOLOGY UPGRADES

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, CenturyLink shall have the right to deploy, upgrade, migrate and maintain its network at its discretion. Nothing in this Agreement shall limit CenturyLink’s ability to modify its network through the incorporation of new equipment or software or otherwise. Pine Belt shall be solely responsible for the cost and activities associated with accommodating such changes in its own network.

48.0 TERRITORY

- 48.1 This Agreement applies to the territory in which CenturyLink operates as an Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (“ILEC”) in the State of Alabama. CenturyLink shall be obligated to provide services under this Agreement only within this territory.
- 48.2 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, CenturyLink may terminate this Agreement as to a specific operating territory or portion thereof pursuant to Section 2.7 of this Article.

49.0 THIRD-PARTY BENEFICIARIES

Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, this Agreement is for the sole benefit of the Parties and their permitted assigns, and nothing herein shall create or be construed to provide any third-persons (including, but not limited to, customers or contractors of a Party) with any rights (including, but not limited to, any third-party beneficiary rights) hereunder. Except as expressly set forth in this Agreement, a Party shall have no liability under this Agreement to the customers of the other Party or to any other third person.

50.0 UNAUTHORIZED CHANGES

50.1 Procedures. If Pine Belt submits an order for number portability under this Agreement in order to provide service to an End User Customer that at the time the order is submitted is obtaining its local services from CenturyLink, and the End User Customer notifies CenturyLink that the End User Customer did not authorize Pine Belt to provide local Telephone Exchange Services to the End User Customer, Pine Belt must provide CenturyLink with written documentation of authorization from that End User Customer within thirty (30) calendar days of notification by CenturyLink. If Pine Belt cannot provide written documentation of authorization within such time frame, Pine Belt must, within three (3) Business Days thereafter:

(a) direct CenturyLink to change the End User Customer back to the LEC providing service to the End User Customer before the change to Pine Belt was made;

(b) provide any End User Customer information and billing records Pine Belt has obtained relating to the End User Customer to the LEC previously serving the End User Customer; and

(c) notify the End User Customer and CenturyLink that the change back to the previous LEC has been made.

50.2 CenturyLink will bill Pine Belt fifty dollars (\$50.00) per affected line in lieu of any additional charge in order to compensate CenturyLink for switching the End User Customer back to the original LEC.

51.0 USE OF SERVICE

Each Party shall make commercially reasonable efforts to ensure that its End User Customers comply with the provisions of this Agreement applicable to the use of services purchased by it under this Agreement.

52.0 WAIVER

A failure or delay of either Party to enforce any of the provisions of this Agreement, or any right or remedy available under this Agreement or at law or in equity, or to require performance of any of the provisions of this Agreement, or to exercise any option which is provided under this Agreement, shall in no way be construed to be a waiver of such provisions, rights, remedies or options, and the same shall continue in full force and effect.

53.0 WITHDRAWAL OF SERVICES

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Agreement, except as otherwise required by Applicable Law, CenturyLink may terminate its offering and/or provision of any particular service offering covered by this Agreement upon at least thirty (30) calendar days prior written notice to Pine Belt.

ARTICLE IV: INTERCONNECTION AND TRANSPORT AND TERMINATION OF TRAFFIC

1.0 SERVICES COVERED BY THIS ARTICLE

1.1 To the extent required by Applicable Law and subject to the terms and conditions of this Agreement, Pine Belt will interconnect its network with CenturyLink's network for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service and Exchange Access. Upon Pine Belt's request, CenturyLink will provide Interconnection at any technically feasible point within CenturyLink's network in conformity with this Article and Applicable Law.

1.1.1 This Article governs the provision of Type 2 internetwork facilities (i.e., physical connection services and facilities), by CenturyLink to Pine Belt or by Pine Belt to CenturyLink and the transport and termination and billing of Local Traffic between CenturyLink and Pine Belt. Pine Belt may establish Trunk Groups at a CenturyLink End Office Switch using a Type 2B interface or, when applicable, at a CenturyLink Tandem Switch using a Type 2A interface.

2.0 NETWORK INTERCONNECTION METHODS

2.1 Introduction

2.1.1 This Section sets forth the terms and conditions that Network Interconnection Methods (NIMs) are provided between CenturyLink and Pine Belt. Network Interconnection Methods designates facilities established between the Parties' Networks. Additionally, this Section describes the physical architecture for Interconnection of the Parties' facilities and equipment for the transmission and routing of Local Traffic and Exchange Access traffic between the respective End Users of the Parties; provided, however, Interconnection may not be used solely for the purpose of originating a Party's own interexchange traffic.

2.1.2 Network Interconnection Methods (NIMs) include, but are not limited to, Leased Facilities Interconnection and Fiber Meet Interconnection, as defined in Section 2.3 of this Article, and other methods as mutually agreed to by the Parties.

2.1.2.1 Trunking requirements associated with Interconnection are contained in Section 3 of this Article.

2.1.3 CenturyLink shall provide Interconnection for Pine Belt's facilities and equipment for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service and Exchange Access, at a level of quality equal to that which CenturyLink provides itself, a subsidiary, an affiliate, or any other party to which CenturyLink provides Interconnection and on rates, terms and conditions that are just, reasonable and non-discriminatory.

2.2 Physical Architecture

2.2.1 CenturyLink's network includes but is not limited to End Office switches that serve IntraLATA, InterLATA, and Local traffic. CenturyLink's network architecture in any given local exchange area and/or LATA can vary markedly from another local exchange area/LATA. Using one or more of the NIMs herein, the Parties will agree to a physical architecture plan for a specific Exchange Area. The physical architecture plan will be discussed during the Introductory Call and any necessary subsequent network interconnection calls between the Parties. Pine

Belt and CenturyLink agree to Interconnect their networks through existing and/or new Interconnection facilities between Pine Belt switch(es) and CenturyLink's End Office(s) and/or tandems. The physical architecture plan will be in accordance with Forecasting and Planning requirements in Section 3.5 of this Article and, at a minimum, include the location of Pine Belt's switch(es) and CenturyLink End Office switch(es) to be interconnected, the facilities that will connect the two networks, the timelines for completion of all major tasks, and which Party will provide (be financially responsible for) the Interconnection facilities.

2.2.2 Points of Interconnection (POIs): A Point of Interconnection (POI) is a point in the network where the Parties deliver Local Traffic to each other, and also serves as a demarcation point between the facilities that each Party is responsible to provide. Requirements for a Local POI are set forth in Section 3.3.2 of this Article. In some cases, multiple POI(s) may be necessary to provide the best technical implementation of Interconnection requirements to each End Office within a CenturyLink company's service area.

2.2.3 The Parties agree to meet as often as necessary to negotiate the location and NIM of new POIs except that the Parties agree that POIs required by the terms of Section 3.2.2 will be established. Criteria to be used in determining POIs include existing facility capacity, location of existing POIs, traffic volumes, relative costs, future capacity needs, etc. Agreement to the location of POIs will be based on the network architecture existing at the time the POI(s) is/are negotiated. In the event either Party makes subsequent changes to its network architecture, including but not limited to trunking changes or adding new switches, then the Parties will negotiate new POIs if required.

2.2.4 Each Party is responsible for the facilities to its side of the POI(s) and may utilize any method of Interconnection described in this Section 2. Each Party is responsible for the appropriate sizing, operation, maintenance and cost of the transport facility to the POI(s).

2.2.5 Either Party, must provide thirty (30) days written notice of any changes to the physical architecture plan.

2.2.6 Each Party is solely responsible for the facilities that carry OS/DA, 911 or mass calling for their respective End Users.

2.2.7 Technical Interfaces

2.2.7.1 Electrical handoffs at the POI(s) will be DS1 or DS3 as mutually agreed to by the parties. When a DS3 handoff is agreed to by the Parties, each Party will provide all required multiplexing at their respective end.

2.2.7.2 Where available and upon the request of the other Party, each Party shall cooperate to ensure that its trunk groups are configured utilizing the B8ZS Extended Superframe protocol for 64 kbps Clear Channel Capability (64CCC) transmission to allow for ISDN interoperability between the Parties' respective networks. Trunk groups configured for 64CCC and carrying Circuit Switched Data (CSD) ISDN calls shall carry the appropriate Trunk Type Modifier in the CLCI-Message code. Trunk groups configured for 64CCC and not used to carry CSD ISDN calls shall carry a different appropriate Trunk Type Modifier in the CLCI-Message code.

2.3 Methods of Interconnection

2.3.1 Leased Facility Interconnection ("LFI")

2.3.1.1 Where facilities exist, either Party may lease facilities from the other Party pursuant to applicable tariff, may lease facilities from a third party or may construct or otherwise self-provision facilities.

2.3.2 Fiber Meet Interconnection

2.3.2.1 Fiber Meet Interconnection between CenturyLink and Pine Belt can occur at any mutually agreeable, economically and technically feasible point(s) between a CenturyLink End Office and Pine Belt's premises within the local calling area. Pine Belt shall request a Fiber Meet Point of Interconnection by submitting a BFR pursuant to Article III, Section 10.

2.3.2.2 Where the Parties interconnect their networks pursuant to a Fiber Meet, the Parties shall jointly engineer and operate this Interconnection as a Synchronous Optical Network (SONET) ring or single point-to-point linear SONET system. Administrative control of the SONET system shall be mutually agreed upon by the Parties. Only Interconnection trunks or trunks used to provide ancillary services as described in Section 3 of this Article shall be provisioned over this facility.

2.3.2.3 Neither Party will be given the IP address or allowed to access the Data Communications Channel (DCC) of the other Party's Fiber Optic Terminal (FOT). The Fiber Meet will be designed so that each Party may, as far as is technically feasible, independently select the transmission, multiplexing, and fiber terminating equipment to be used on its side of the POI(s). The Parties will work cooperatively to achieve equipment and vendor compatibility of the FOT equipment. Requirements for such Interconnection specifications will be defined in joint engineering planning sessions between the Parties. The Parties may share the investment of the fiber as mutually agreed. The Parties will use good faith efforts to develop and agree on these facility arrangements within ninety (90) days of the determination by the Parties that such specifications shall be implemented, and in any case, prior to the establishment of any Fiber Meet arrangements between them.

2.3.2.4 Fiber Meet design options include, but are not limited to, the following:

2.3.2.4.1 Design One: Pine Belt's fiber cable (four, or some integral multiple thereof, fibers) and CenturyLink's fiber cable (four, or some integral multiple thereof, fibers) are connected at an economically and technically feasible point between the Pine Belt and CenturyLink locations. This Interconnection point would be at a mutually agreeable location.

2.3.2.4.2 Design Two: Pine Belt will provide fiber cable to the last entrance (or CenturyLink designated) manhole at the CenturyLink End Office switch. CenturyLink shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable Pine Belt to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole. Pine Belt will provide a sufficient length of Optical Fire Resistant (OFR) cable for CenturyLink to pull the fiber cable through the CenturyLink

cable vault and terminate on the CenturyLink fiber distribution frame (FDF) in CenturyLink's office. Pine Belt shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense up to the POI. CenturyLink shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside CenturyLink's office on the FDF at Pine Belt's expense. In this case the POI shall be at the CenturyLink FDF.

2.3.2.4.4 Design Three: Both Pine Belt and CenturyLink each provide two fibers between their locations. This design may only be considered where existing fibers are available and there is a mutual benefit to both Parties. CenturyLink will provide the fibers associated with the "working" side of the system. Pine Belt will provide the fibers associated with the "protection" side of the system. The Parties will work cooperatively to terminate each other's fiber in order to provision this joint SONET ring or point-to-point linear system. Both Parties will work cooperatively to determine the appropriate technical handoff for purposes of demarcation and fault isolation. The POI will be defined as being at the CenturyLink location.

2.3.2.5 The Pine Belt location includes FOTs, multiplexing and fiber required to terminate the optical signal provided from CenturyLink. This location is Pine Belt's responsibility to provision and maintain.

2.3.2.6 The CenturyLink location includes all CenturyLink FOTs, multiplexing and fiber required to terminate the optical signal provided from Pine Belt. This location is CenturyLink's responsibility to provision and maintain.

2.3.2.7 Pursuant to the mutually agreed upon implementation terms of Pine Belt's Fiber Meet BFR, CenturyLink and Pine Belt shall procure, install, and maintain the agreed-upon FOT equipment in each of their locations where the Parties established a Fiber Meet. Capacity shall be sufficient to provision and maintain all trunk groups prescribed by Section 3 of this Article for the purposes of Interconnection.

2.3.2.8 Each Party shall provide its own, unique source for the synchronized timing of its FOT equipment. At a minimum, each timing source must be Stratum-3 traceable and cannot be provided over DS0/DS1 facilities, via Line Timing; or via a Derived DS1 off of FOT equipment. Both Parties agree to establish separate and distinct timing sources that are not derived from the other, and meet the criteria identified above.

2.3.2.9 Pine Belt and CenturyLink will mutually agree on the capacity of the FOT(s) to be utilized based on equivalent DS1s or DS3s. Each Party will also agree upon the optical frequency and wavelength necessary to implement the Interconnection. The Parties will develop and agree upon methods for the capacity planning and management for these facilities, terms and conditions for over provisioning facilities, and the necessary processes to implement facilities as indicated below. These methods will meet quality standards as mutually agreed to by Pine Belt and CenturyLink.

2.4 Responsibilities of the Parties

2.4.1 Pine Belt and CenturyLink shall work cooperatively to install and maintain a reliable network. Pine Belt and CenturyLink shall exchange appropriate

information (e.g., maintenance contact numbers, network information, information required to comply with law enforcement and other security agencies of the federal and state government and such other information as the Parties shall mutually agree) to achieve this desired reliability.

2.4.2 Pine Belt and CenturyLink will review engineering requirements as required and establish semi-annual forecasts for facilities utilization provided under this Article.

2.4.3 When ordered by Pine Belt, CenturyLink shall provide dedicated circuits between Pine Belt's Mobile Switching Center, remote cell sites and control points. These circuits shall be provided pursuant to the applicable special access tariff.

2.4.4 Pine Belt and CenturyLink shall:

2.4.4.1 Provide trained personnel with adequate and compatible test equipment to work with each other's technicians.

2.4.4.2 Notify each other when there is any change affecting the service requested, including the due date.

2.4.4.3 Recognize that a facility handoff point must be agreed to that establishes the demarcation for maintenance and provisioning responsibilities for each party on their side of the POI.

2.5. Joint Facility Growth Planning

2.5.1 The initial facilities deployed for each Interconnection shall be agreed to by the Parties. The following lists the criteria and processes needed to satisfy additional capacity requirements beyond the initial system.

2.5.2 Criteria:

2.5.2.1 Investment is to be minimized.

2.5.2.2 Facilities will be planned for in accordance with the trunk forecasts exchanged between the Parties as described in Article III, Section 11 and Article IV, Section 3.5 and are to be deployed in accordance with the Processes described below.

2.5.3 Processes:

2.5.3.1 In addition to the joint trunk group forecasting established in Article III, Section 11, discussions to provide relief to existing facilities can be initiated by either party. Actual system augmentations will be initiated upon mutual agreement.

2.5.3.2 Both Parties will perform a joint validation to ensure current Interconnection facilities and associated trunks have not been over-provisioned. If any facilities and/or associated trunks are over-provisioned, they will be turned down where appropriate. Trunk design blocking criteria described in Section 3.6 of this Article will be used in determining trunk group sizing requirements and forecasts.

2.5.3.3 If, based on the forecasted equivalent DS-1 growth, the existing facilities are not projected to exhaust within one year, the Parties will suspend further relief planning on this Interconnection until a date one (1) year

prior to the projected exhaust date. If growth patterns change during the suspension period, either Party may re-initiate the joint planning process.

2.5.3.4 Both Parties will negotiate a project service date and corresponding work schedule to construct relief facilities prior to facilities exhaust.

2.5.3.5 The joint planning process/negotiations should be completed within two months of the initiation of such discussion.

3.0 INTERCONNECTION TRUNKING REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Introduction

3.1.1 This Section sets forth terms and conditions for Interconnection provided by CenturyLink and Pine Belt.

3.1.2 This Section provides descriptions of the trunking requirements between Pine Belt and CenturyLink. All references to incoming and outgoing trunk groups are from the perspective of Pine Belt. The paragraphs below describe the required and optional trunk groups for local and mass calling.

3.1.3 Local trunk groups may only be used to transport traffic between the Parties' End Users pursuant to the terms of this Article. A Party will not originate any Local Traffic to the other Party except via the trunk group established for the exchange of Local Traffic.

3.1.4 Only Type 2 interconnection is provided for under this Agreement. If Pine Belt desires Type 1 interconnection at some future date, the Parties will work to amend the Agreement accordingly.

3.2 One Way and Two Way Trunk Groups

3.2.1 One-way trunk groups for ancillary services (e.g. mass calling) can be established between the Parties. Ancillary trunk groups will utilize Signaling System 7 (SS7). Multi-frequency (MF) signaling protocol may only be used where Pine Belt can demonstrate that it is not technically feasible to use SS7 or where CenturyLink otherwise agrees to use MF. The originating Party will have administrative control of one-way trunk groups.

3.2.2 The Parties agree that separate two-way trunk groups for local and InterMTA traffic shall be established between a Pine Belt switch and a CenturyLink End Office switch pursuant to the terms of this Article. Trunks will utilize Signaling System 7 (SS7). Multi-frequency (MF) signaling protocol may only be used where Pine Belt can demonstrate that it is not technically feasible to use SS7 or where CenturyLink otherwise agrees to use MF. Two-way trunking for Local Traffic will be jointly provisioned and maintained, with each Party being responsible for costs on its side of the POI. The costs associated with transporting Information Access Traffic and/or ISP-Bound Traffic to Pine Belt shall be the sole responsibility of Pine Belt. For administrative consistency Pine Belt will have control for the purpose of issuing Access Service Requests (ASRs) on two-way groups. Either Party will also use ASRs to request changes in trunking. Both Parties reserve the right to issue ASRs, if so required, in the normal course of business.

3.2.3 Notwithstanding 3.2 above, the Parties recognize that certain technical and billing issues may necessitate the use of one-way trunking for an interim period. If either Party wants to provision its own one-way trunks, this must be agreed to by both Parties. The Parties will negotiate the appropriate trunk configuration, whether one-way or two-way giving consideration to relevant factors, including but not limited to, existing network configuration, administrative ease, any billing system and/or technical limitations and network efficiency. Any disagreement regarding appropriate trunk configuration shall be subject to the dispute resolution process in Section 20 of Article III.

3.2.4 Separate local trunk groups may be established based on billing, signaling, and network requirements. The following is the current list of traffic types that require separate trunk groups, unless specifically stated otherwise in this Agreement:

3.2.4.1 911/E911 trunks;

3.2.4.2 Transit trunks if applicable,

3.2.4.3 Mass Calling Trunks, if applicable; and

3.2.4.4 Toll Free Service trunks where Pine Belt provides such service to its customers.

3.3 Direct and Indirect Connection

3.3.1 Indirect Network Connection- For any Indirect Network Connection, an Amendment to this Agreement must be negotiated and executed by the Parties. Pine Belt agrees that traffic will only be exchanged via a Direct Network Connection as set forth in Section 3.3.2.

3.3.1.1

3.3.2. Direct Network Connection and Local Point of Interconnection (POI)

3.3.2.1 Unless the parties mutually agree otherwise, a Direct Network Connection and a Local POI shall be established upon occurrence of any of the triggers set forth in Section 3.3.2.4 of this Article. In some cases, multiple POI(s) may be necessary to provide the best technical implementation of Interconnection requirements to each End Office within a CenturyLink's service area.

3.3.2.2 A Direct Network Connection shall be established by connecting Pine Belt's network to CenturyLink's network at a mutually agreed upon point on CenturyLink's network within the CenturyLink local exchange. The connection can be established in any of the manners described in Section 2 of this Article.

3.3.2.3 The Direct Network Connection point established in Section 3.3.2.2 of this Article shall also be the Local POI. Each party shall be responsible for establishing and maintaining all facilities on its side of the Local POI. Each Party is responsible for the appropriate sizing, operation, and maintenance of the transport facility to the POI.

3.3.2.4 Unless the parties agree otherwise, a Direct Network Connection and Local POI shall be established upon the occurrence of either of the following:

- 3.3.2.4.1 Pine Belt has begun serving end users within a CenturyLink local exchange, or has assigned to any end user numbers that are rated to a rate center that is within the local calling area of a CenturyLink exchange and the resulting Local Traffic that is to be exchanged between the Parties is equal to or greater than a DS-1 trunk equivalency as described in Section 3.3.2.5 of this Article.
- 3.3.2.4.2 Either Party is assessed transiting costs by a third party and such charges associated with a single traffic exchange route exceed \$200.00 for one month.
- 3.3.2.5 In the event that an Amendment providing for Indirect Network Connection is executed by the Parties, a DS-1 trunk equivalency is deemed established in any the following instances:
 - 3.3.2.5.1 Traffic studies of peak busy CCS indicate that the number of trunks necessary to achieve a .001 Grade of Service based upon application of the Erlang B table is equal to or exceeds 24 for three consecutive months, or for three months of any consecutive five month period.
 - 3.3.2.5.2 Combined two-way traffic between two single switches of each Party reaches 200,000 combined minutes of use per month for two consecutive months, or for any two months in a consecutive three-month period.
 - 3.3.2.5.3 At any point where a traffic forecast prepared pursuant to requirements of Article III, Section 11 or Article IV, Section 3.5 indicates that combined two-way traffic between two single switches of each Party will exceed 200,000 minutes of use per month.
 - 3.3.2.5.4 In any instance where Pine Belt has requested to port a number or numbers associated with an end user customer and it is known that local trunks previously associated with that customer and those numbers equaled or exceeded 24. In any other instance where it can be shown that a customer that Pine Belt is about to serve previously had 24 or more local trunks associated with the service that the customer will disconnect or has disconnected in migrating its service to Pine Belt.
 - 3.3.2.5.5 In any instance where Pine Belt is providing a tandem function to any third party carriers, then Pine Belt must direct connect to CenturyLink pursuant to the terms of this section. In such as case, Pine Belt must also record and provide billing records for that traffic transiting Pine Belt's switch and terminating to CenturyLink.
- 3.3.2.6 The Parties may mutually agree to establish a Direct Network Interconnection even where none of the conditions set forth in Section 3.3.2.4 of this Article has occurred.
- 3.3.2.7 All traffic received by CenturyLink on the direct End Office trunk group from Pine Belt must terminate in the End Office, i.e. no Tandem switching will be performed in the End Office. All traffic received by Pine

Belt on the direct End Office trunk group from CenturyLink must terminate in the End Office, i.e., no Tandem switching will be performed in the End Office. Where End Office functionality is provided in a remote End Office of a host/remote configuration, the Interconnection for that remote End Office is only available at the host switch unless otherwise made technically available by CenturyLink. The number of digits to be received by the terminating Party shall conform to standard industry practices; but in no case shall the number of digits be less than seven (7).

3.3.2.8 Pine Belt and CenturyLink shall, where applicable, make reciprocally available, the required trunk groups to handle different traffic types. Pine Belt and CenturyLink will support the provisioning of trunk groups that carry combined or separate Local Traffic.

3.3.2.8.1 Each Party agrees to route traffic only over the proper jurisdictional trunk group.

3.3.2.8.2 Each Party shall only deliver traffic over the local connection trunk groups to the other Party's access tandem for those publicly-dialable NXX Codes served by end offices that directly subtend the access tandem or to those wireless service providers that directly subtend the access tandem.

3.3.2.8.3 Neither party shall route Switched Access Service traffic over local connection trunks, or Local Traffic over Switched Access Service trunks.

3.4 Trunk Groups

3.4.1 The following trunk groups shall be used to exchange local traffic between Pine Belt and CenturyLink.

3.4.2 Local Interconnection Trunk Group(s) in Each Exchange

3.4.2.1 Direct End Office Trunking

3.4.2.1.1 The Parties shall establish direct End Office primary high usage Local Interconnection trunk groups for the exchange of Local traffic where actual or projected traffic demand is or will be twenty four (24) or more trunks, as described in Section 3.3.2.5 of this Article.

3.4.3 Where either Party offers direct or ported local service to end users, that Party must maintain network facilities (whether owned or leased) used to actively provide, in part, local Telecommunications Services in the geographic area where service is offered.

3.4.4 Pine Belt shall provide all SS7 signaling information including, without limitation, charge number and originating line information (OLI). For terminating FGD, CenturyLink will pass all SS7 signaling information including, without limitation, CPN if it receives CPN from FGD carriers. All privacy indicators will be honored. Where available, network signaling information such as transit network selection (TNS) parameter, carrier identification codes (CIC) (CCS platform) and CIC/OZZ information (non-SS7 environment) will be provided by Pine Belt wherever such

information is needed for call routing or billing. The Parties will follow all OBF adopted standards pertaining to TNS and CIC/OZZ codes.

3.4.5 High Volume (HV) / Mass Calling (Choke) Trunk Group:

3.4.5.1 If Pine Belt should acquire a HV/Mass Calling customer, i.e. an ISP or a radio station, Pine Belt shall provide written notification to CenturyLink.

3.5 Forecasting and Planning Responsibilities

3.5.1 Pine Belt agrees to provide an initial forecast for establishing the initial Interconnection facilities pursuant to Article III, Section 11. CenturyLink shall review this forecast, and if it has any additional information that will change the forecast shall provide this information to Pine Belt. The Parties recognize that, to the extent historical traffic data can be shared between the Parties, the accuracy of the forecasts will improve. Pine Belt shall provide subsequent forecasts on a semi-annual basis. Pine Belt forecasts should include yearly forecasted trunk quantities for all appropriate trunk groups described in this section for a minimum of three years. Forecasts shall be non-binding on both CenturyLink and Pine Belt. CenturyLink shall take Pine Belt's forecasts into consideration in its network planning, and shall exercise its best efforts to have available for turn up the quantity of interconnection trunks and facilities forecasted by the Pine Belt. However, the development and submission of forecasts shall not replace the ordering process in place for interconnection trunks and facilities, and the provision of the forecasted quantity of interconnection trunks and facilities is subject both to capacity existing at the time the order is submitted as well as to the demonstrated need based on the fill rate of the existing trunks and facilities. Furthermore, the development and receipt of forecasts does not imply any liability for failure to perform if capacity is not available for use at the forecasted time.

3.5.2 The semi-annual forecasts shall include:

3.5.2.1 Yearly forecasted trunk quantities (which include measurements that reflect actual, End Office Local Interconnection trunks, and Tandem subtending Local Interconnection End Office equivalent trunk requirements) for a minimum of three (current and plus 1 and plus 2) years; and

3.5.2.2 A description of major network projects anticipated for the following six (6) months. Major network projects include trunking or network rearrangements, shifts in anticipated traffic patterns, orders greater than four (4) DS1's, or other activities that are reflected by a significant increase or decrease in trunking demand for the following forecasting period.

3.5.3 The Parties shall agree on a forecast provided above to ensure efficient utilization of trunks. Orders for trunks that exceed forecasted quantities for forecasted locations will be accommodated as facilities and/or equipment becomes available. Parties shall make all reasonable efforts and cooperate in good faith to develop alternative solutions to accommodate orders when facilities are not available.

3.5.4 Pine Belt shall be responsible for forecasting two-way trunk groups. CenturyLink shall be responsible for forecasting and servicing the one-way trunk groups terminating to Pine Belt and Pine Belt shall be responsible for forecasting and

servicing the one-way trunk groups terminating to CenturyLink, unless otherwise specified in this section. Standard trunk traffic engineering methods will be used by the Parties.

3.5.5 If forecast quantities are in dispute, the Parties shall meet, either in person or via conference call, to reconcile the differences.

3.5.6 Each Party shall provide a specified point of contact for planning, forecasting and trunk servicing purposes.

3.5.7 CenturyLink shall attempt to meet Pine Belt's requests for interconnection using Currently Available facilities and capacity. CenturyLink shall have no obligation to construct additional facilities or capacity to meet Pine Belt's requests for Interconnection. However, if CenturyLink refuses a Pine Belt request due to lack of facilities or lack of capacity, Pine Belt may request to work with CenturyLink to establish a construction plan, and Pine Belt shall bear all costs associated with engineering and constructing such additional facilities or capacity.

3.6 Trunk Design Blocking Criteria

3.6.1 In accordance with industry traffic engineering standards, trunk requirements for forecasting and servicing shall be based on the blocking objectives shown in Table 1. Trunk requirements shall be based upon a time consistent average busy season busy hour Erlang B .001 factor.

TABLE 1

<u>Trunk Group Type</u>	<u>Design Blocking Objective</u>
Local Direct End Office (Primary High)	as mutually agreed upon
Local Direct End Office (Final)	.01%

3.7 Trunk Servicing

3.7.1 Orders between the Parties to establish, add, change or disconnect trunks shall be processed by using an Access Service Request (ASR). Pine Belt will have administrative control for the purpose of issuing ASR's on two-way trunk groups. Where one-way trunks are used (as discussed in Section 3.2 of this Article), CenturyLink will issue ASRs for trunk groups for traffic that originates from CenturyLink and terminates to Pine Belt. The Parties agree that neither Party shall alter trunk sizing without first conferring with the other Party.

3.7.2 Both Parties will jointly manage the capacity of Local Interconnection Trunk Groups. Either Party may send an ASR to the other Party to trigger changes to the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups based on capacity assessment.

3.7.3 Underutilization:

3.7.3.1 Underutilization of Interconnection trunks and facilities exists when provisioned capacity is greater than the current need. This over provisioning is an inefficient deployment and use of network resources and results in unnecessary costs. Those situations where more capacity exists than actual usage requires will be handled in the following manner:

- 3.7.3.1.1 If a trunk group is under 75 percent (75%) of CCS capacity on a monthly average basis, for each month of any three (3) consecutive months period, either Party may request the issuance of an order to resize the trunk group, which shall be left with not less than 25 percent (25%) excess capacity. In all cases grade of service objectives shall be maintained.
 - 3.7.3.1.2 Either Party may send an ASR to the other Party to trigger changes to the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups based on capacity assessment. Upon receipt of an ASR the receiving Party will issue an ASR to the other Party within twenty (20) business days after receipt of the initiating ASR.
 - 3.7.3.1.3 Upon review of the ASR if a Party does not agree with the resizing, the Parties will schedule a joint planning discussion within twenty (20) business days. The Parties will meet to resolve and mutually agree to the disposition of the initiating ASR.
- 3.8 Pine Belt will be responsible for engineering its network on its side of the Point of Interconnection (POI). CenturyLink will be responsible for engineering its network on its side of the POI.
- 3.9 Where facilities are available, due dates for the installation of Local Interconnection Trunks covered by this section shall be in accordance with the CenturyLink Service Guide. If either Pine Belt or CenturyLink is unable to or not ready to perform Acceptance Tests, or is unable to accept the Local Interconnection Service Arrangement trunk(s) by the due date, the Parties will reschedule a mutually acceptable date.
- 3.10 Utilization shall be defined as Trunks Required as a percentage of Trunks In Service. Trunks Required shall be determined using methods described in Section 3.5 of this Article using Design Blocking Objectives stated in Section 3.6 of this Article.
 - 3.10.1 Should Pine Belt request trunking from CenturyLink in excess of the industry traffic engineering design blocking standard, CenturyLink is not obligated to provide such trunking unless Pine Belt agrees in writing to pay for the excess trunking on the CenturyLink side of the POI.
- 3.11 Trunk Data Exchange
 - 3.11.1 Each Party agrees to service trunk groups to the foregoing blocking criteria in a timely manner when trunk groups exceed measured blocking thresholds on an average time consistent busy hour for a twenty-one (21) day study period. The Parties agree that twenty-one (21) days is the study period duration objective. However, a study period on occasion may be less than twenty-one (21) days but at minimum must be at least three (3) business days to be utilized for engineering purposes, although with less statistical confidence.
 - 3.11.2 Exchange of traffic data enables each Party to make accurate and independent assessments of trunk group service levels and requirements. Parties agree to establish a timeline for implementing an exchange of traffic data. Implementation shall be within three (3) months of the date, or such date as agreed upon, that the trunk groups begin passing live traffic. The traffic data to be exchanged will be the Originating Attempt Peg Count, Usage (measured in Hundred Call Seconds), Overflow Peg Count, and Maintenance Usage (measured in Hundred Call Seconds) on a seven (7) day per week, twenty-four (24) hour per day, fifty-

two (52) weeks per year basis. These reports shall be made available on a semi-annual basis upon request. Exchange of data on one-way groups is optional.

3.12. Network Management

3.12.1 Restrictive Controls

3.12.1.1 Either Party may use protective network traffic management controls such as 7-digit and 10-digit code gaps set at appropriate levels on traffic toward each other's network, when required, to protect the public switched network from congestion due to facility failures, switch congestion, or failure or focused overload. Pine Belt and CenturyLink will immediately notify each other of any protective control action planned or executed.

3.12.2 Expansive Controls

3.12.2.1 Where the capability exists, originating or terminating traffic reroutes may be implemented by either Party to temporarily relieve network congestion due to facility failures or abnormal calling patterns. Reroutes will not be used to circumvent normal trunk servicing. Expansive controls will only be used when mutually agreed to by the Parties.

3.12.3 Temporary Mass Calling

3.12.3.1 Pine Belt and CenturyLink shall cooperate and share pre-planning information regarding cross-network call-ins expected to generate large or focused temporary increases in call volumes.

4.0 **MUTUAL COMPENSATION FOR TRANSPORT, TERMINATION, AND TRANSITING**

4.1 Introduction

4.1.1 This Section sets forth terms and conditions for mutual compensation for transport, termination, and transiting provided by CenturyLink and Pine Belt.

4.2 Transmission and Routing of Telephone Exchange Service Traffic Relevant to Compensation

4.2.1 The Telecommunications traffic exchanged between Pine Belt and CenturyLink will be classified as Local Traffic, ISP-Bound Traffic, IP-Enabled Voice Traffic, intraLATA Toll Traffic, or interLATA Toll Traffic.

4.2.1.1 "Local Traffic," for purposes of intercarrier compensation, is Telecommunications traffic that is exchanged between the Parties and is originated by a End User Customer of one Party in an exchange on that Party's network and terminated to a End User Customer of the other Party on that other Party's network located within the MTA that contains the same exchange associated with the originating customer's exchange as defined by CenturyLink's applicable local exchange tariff. Local Traffic does not include: (1) any ISP-Bound Traffic; (2) traffic that does not originate and terminate within the same CenturyLink local calling area MTA; (3) Toll Traffic, including, but not limited to, calls originated on a 1+ presubscription basis, on a casual dialed (10XXX/101XXX) basis, or interMTA on a directly exchanged basis; or (4) any traffic that is not switched by the terminating Party.

- 4.2.1.2 "ISP-Bound Traffic" originated from, directed to or through an ISP physically located outside the originating End User's local calling area will be considered toll traffic and subject to access charges.
 - 4.2.1.3 IP-Enabled Voice Traffic will not be originated by Pine Belt and terminated to CenturyLink under the terms of this Agreement. Should Pine Belt desire to terminate IP-Enabled Voice Traffic to CenturyLink, Pine Belt will contact CenturyLink to negotiate an appropriate amendment to the Agreement.
- 4.2.2 Reciprocal compensation applies for transport and termination of Local Traffic terminated by either Party's switch. The Parties agree that the jurisdiction of a call is determined by its originating and terminating (end-to-end) points.
 - 4.2.2.1 The Parties will apply the Traffic Factors in Article VII to the combined total traffic exchanged for purposes of applying charges transport and termination charges as well as two-way recurring and non-recurring facility charges for facilities on CenturyLink's network only.
 - 4.2.2.2 The Parties will bill terminating Local Traffic at the established Reciprocal Compensation rate in Article VII. CenturyLink will bill the appropriate Intrastate / Interstate switched access elements to the non-Local Traffic minutes as designated by the traffic factors.
- 4.2.3 Notwithstanding any other provision of the Agreement, Local Traffic does not include ISP-Bound Traffic. Pine Belt and CenturyLink agree to terminate each other's ISP-Bound Traffic that physically originates and terminates in the same local calling area on a Bill and Keep basis of reciprocal compensation. "Bill and Keep" shall mean that the originating Party has no obligation to pay terminating charges to the terminating Party, regardless of any charges the originating Party may assess its End Users.
- 4.2.4 When Pine Belt establishes service in a new area, the Parties' obligation for reciprocal compensation to each other shall commence on the date the Parties agree that the network is complete (i.e., each Party has established its originating trunks as well as any ancillary functions (e.g., 9-1-1)) and is capable of fully supporting originating and terminating End Users' (and not a Party's test) traffic. If there is no formal agreement as to the date of network completion, it shall be considered complete no later than the date that live traffic first passes through the network.
- 4.2.5 The local compensation arrangements set forth in this section are not applicable to (i) interMTA traffic of any kind, (ii) traffic originated by one Party on a number ported to its network that terminates to another number ported on that same Party's network or (iii) any other type of traffic found to be exempt from reciprocal compensation by the FCC or the Commission. All interMTA Toll Traffic shall continue to be governed by the terms and conditions of applicable federal and state access tariffs. Optional calling plans, where applicable, will be classified as toll traffic.
- 4.2.6 Pine Belt roaming traffic originated by end users assigned NXXs within the local MTA shall be assigned to the corresponding call origination jurisdiction for compensation purposes, if all the signaling parameters are included with the traffic exchange. Calling Party Number ("CPN") and Jurisdictional Indicator Parameter ("JIP") of the originating roaming traffic shall indicate the geographical

location of the actual caller location, not the switch location where the local MTA NXX resides..

- 4.2.8 Except as provided otherwise in this Agreement, the Parties understand and agree that either Party, upon ten (10) days notice to the other Party, may block any traffic that is improperly routed by the other Party over any trunk groups and/or which is routed outside of the mutual agreement of the Parties.
- 4.2.9 Neither Party shall be obligated to compensate the other Party or any Third Party for telecommunications traffic that is inappropriately routed.

4.3. Responsibilities of the Parties

- 4.3.1 Each Party to this Agreement will be responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the respective Parties involved. It is the responsibility of each Party to originate and transmit complete and unaltered calling party number (CPN), as received by an originating party. Each Party is individually responsible to provide facilities within its network for routing, transporting, measuring, and billing traffic from the other Party's network and for delivering such traffic to the other Party's network as referenced in Telcordia Technologies BOC Notes on LEC Networks and to terminate the traffic it receives in that standard format to the proper address on its network. The Parties are each solely responsible for participation in and compliance with national network plans, including the Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) System for National Security Emergency Preparedness (NSEP).
- 4.3.2 Each Party is responsible to input required data into Routing Data Base Systems (RDBS) and into Telcordia Technologies Rating Administrative Data Systems (example: BRADS) or other appropriate system(s) necessary to update the Local Exchange Routing Guide.
- 4.3.3 Neither Party shall use any Interconnection, function, facility, product, network element, or service provided under this Agreement or any other service related thereto or used in combination therewith in any manner that interferes with or impairs service over any facilities of either Party, its affiliated companies or other connecting telecommunications carriers, prevents any carrier from using its Telecommunication Service, impairs the quality or privacy of Telecommunications Service to other carriers or to either Party's End Users, causes hazards to either Party's personnel or the public, damage to either Party's or any connecting carrier's facilities or equipment, including any malfunction of ordering or billing systems or equipment. Upon such occurrence, either Party may discontinue or refuse service for so long as the other Party is violating this provision. Upon any such violation, either Party shall provide the other Party notice of the violation at the earliest practicable time.
- 4.3.4 Each Party is solely responsible for the services it provides to its End Users and to other Telecommunications Carriers.
- 4.3.5 Where SS7 connections exist, each Party will provide the other with the proper signaling information (e.g., originating Calling Party Number, JIP and destination called party number, etc.), to enable each Party to issue bills in a complete and timely fashion. All CCS signaling parameters will be provided including CPN, JIP, Originating Line Information Parameter (OLIP) on calls to 8XX telephone numbers, calling party category, Charge Number, etc. All privacy indicators will be honored.

4.4 Local Traffic Compensation

4.4.1 The rates, terms, conditions contained herein apply only to the termination of Local Traffic on the Parties' networks. All applicable rate elements can be found in Article VII- Pricing.

4.4.2 Where two-way traffic is exchanged, the applicable termination charges due to CenturyLink pursuant to Section 4.2.2.1 will be reduced by the reciprocal percentage of traffic on such Interconnection Facilities that originates on CenturyLink's network and terminates on Pine Belt's network. These percentages are referred to as Traffic Factors in the Pricing Article. These percentages may also be referred to, from time to time as the Traffic Usage Factors. The Parties agree that, at either Party's request, they will review the initial percentages based on actual usage after the initial six (6) months and will revise the percentage at that time based on actual traffic patterns during the preceding six (6) months. Such traffic study shall examine all Local Traffic excluding Local Traffic that is also Information Access Traffic and/or ISP-Bound Traffic. When the actual usage data in the study indicates that the Local Traffic terminated both directly or indirectly by either Party, excluding Local Traffic that is also Information Access Traffic and/or ISP-Bound Traffic has changed by a factor of 5% or greater for three (3) consecutive months in favor of either Party, that Party may notify the other Party by registered letter that mutual compensation will commence for such Local Traffic, excluding Local Traffic that is also Information Access Traffic and/or ISP-Bound Traffic, pursuant to the rates set forth in the Pricing Article of this Agreement. The written notice must be accompanied by verifiable information supporting the percentage determination, except that such information may alternatively be sent in electronic format at the notifying Party's discretion or the receiving Party's request. Following such notice, billing shall begin and continue for the duration of the Term of this Agreement unless the percentage determination is reversed pursuant to the dispute resolution process or subsequent traffic studies (not more frequent than every 6 months) indicate that the traffic has changed by a factor of 5% in favor of either Party.

4.4.3 End Office Termination Rate

4.4.3.1 The End Office Termination rate applies to Local Traffic that is delivered to the Parties for termination at an End Office Switch. This includes direct-routed Local Traffic that terminates to offices that have combined Tandem Office Switch and End Office Switch functions.

4.5 Billing for Mutual Compensation

4.5.1 Direct Interconnection

4.5.1.1 Where the Parties utilize Direct Interconnection for the exchange of traffic between their respective networks, each Party will calculate terminating interconnection minutes of use based on standard Automatic Message Accounting (AMA) recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to generate bills to the other Party. For purposes of reciprocal compensation only, measurement of minutes of use over Local Interconnection Trunk Groups shall be in actual conversation seconds. The total conversation seconds over each individual Local Interconnection Trunk Group will be totaled for the entire monthly bill and then rounded to the next whole minute.

4.5.1.2 Where SS7 connections exist between CenturyLink and Pine Belt, unidentified traffic (i.e. without CPN or JIP) will be handled in the following manner.

4.5.1.2.1 If the amount of unidentified traffic is less than five percent (5%) of the total traffic, it will be treated as having the same jurisdictional ratio as the identified traffic.

4.5.1.2.2 If the unidentified traffic exceeds five percent (5%) of the total traffic, all the unidentified traffic shall be billed at a rate equal to access charges.

4.5.1.2.3 The originating Party will provide to the other Party, upon request, information to demonstrate that Party's portion of no-CPN or JIP traffic does not exceed five percent (5%) of the total traffic delivered.

4.5.1.2.4 The Parties will coordinate and exchange data as necessary to determine the cause of the CPN or JIP failure and to assist its correction.

4.5.2 Indirect Interconnection

4.5.2.1 For any traffic exchanged between the Parties via third party tandems, each Party shall utilize records provided by the tandem operator to invoice for traffic terminating on its network. The Parties agree to accept the billing records from the tandem operator as representative of the traffic exchanged between the Parties.

4.5.2.2 To calculate intrastate toll access charges, each Party shall provide to the other, within twenty (20) calendar days after the end of each quarter (commencing with the first full quarter after the effective date of this Agreement), a PLU (Percent Local Usage) factor. Each company should calculate the PLU factor on a LATA basis using their originating IntraLATA minutes of use. The Parties shall provide a separate PLU for each CenturyLink operating company covered under this Agreement. The percentage of originating Local Traffic plus ISP-Bound Traffic to total intrastate (Local Traffic, ISP-Bound Traffic, and intraLATA toll) originating traffic would represent the PLU factor.

4.5.2.3. It is expressly agreed by the Parties that this Section 4.5.2. shall only apply in the event that an Amendment providing for Indirect Network Connection, has been negotiated and executed.

4.5.3 Audits of usage associated with Reciprocal Compensation shall be performed as specified Article II, Section 7.2.

4.5.4 The Parties shall be governed by applicable state and federal rules, practices, and procedures regarding the provision and recording of billing records.

4.6 Transit Traffic

4.6.1 All references to CenturyLink Tandems in this section pertain only to those locations where CenturyLink currently owns a Tandem and where the CenturyLink End Offices at which traffic is to be exchanged are actually

connected to the CenturyLink Tandem. CenturyLink Tandem services are not available 1) at CenturyLink End Offices or 2) at CenturyLink End Offices where the End Offices are not connected to a CenturyLink Tandem.

- 4.6.2 Where CenturyLink is a tandem owner, Transit Service is provided by CenturyLink to Pine Belt via ** CMRS's connection to the Tandem to enable the completion of calls originated by or terminated to another Telecommunications Carrier (such as another Pine Belt, another LEC, or a wireless carrier) that is connected to the Tandem. To the extent that Pine Belt's owns an Access Tandem Switch, as designated in the LERG, Pine Belt may also provide Transit Service to CenturyLink.
- 4.6.3 For purposes of the Agreement, Transit Traffic does not include traffic that is carried by Interexchange Carriers at any point during the end-to-end transmission of the communication. For purposes of this Agreement, traffic carried at any point during the end-to-end transmission of the communication by one or more Interexchange Carriers is defined as Jointly-Provided Switched Access Service Traffic to which Sections 4.6.4.3 and 3.3.1.4 of this Article apply.
- 4.6.4 CenturyLink will accept Transit Traffic originated by Pine Belt for termination to another CMRS, another LEC, or wireless carrier that is connected to CenturyLink's Access Tandem Switch. CenturyLink will also terminate Transit Traffic from another CMRS, another LEC, or wireless carrier that is connected to CenturyLink's Access Tandem Switch to Pine Belt, subject to the following.
 - 4.6.4.1 To the extent technically feasible, the Parties involved in transporting Transit Traffic will deliver calls to each involved network with Common Channel Signaling (CCS)/Signaling System 7 (SS7) protocol and the appropriate ISUP/TCAP messages to facilitate full interoperability and billing functions.
 - 4.6.4.2 The originating carrier is responsible for payment of appropriate rates to the carrier providing the Transit Service and to the terminating carrier. The Parties agree to enter into traffic exchange agreements with third-party Telecommunications Carriers prior to delivering traffic to be transited to third-party Telecommunications Carriers. In the event one Party originates traffic that transits the second Party's network to reach a third-party Telecommunications Carrier with which the originating Party does not have a traffic exchange agreement, the originating Party will indemnify, defend and hold harmless the second Party against any and all charges levied by such third-party Telecommunications Carrier, including any termination charges related to such traffic and any attorneys' fees and expenses.
 - 4.6.4.2.1 When Non-Access Transit Traffic originated by a third party rural rate of return incumbent local exchange carrier is routed through a CenturyLink Tandem to CMRS, and the third party is not legally obligated to compensate CenturyLink for the Transit Service provided in transporting the traffic to CMRS as a result of

paragraph 999 of the FCC Order and 47 C.F.R. §51.709(c), then CMRS will either:

4.6.4.2.1.1 Establish direct interconnection with such third party; or

4.6.4.2.1.2 Pay the Transit charges for such traffic.

4.6.4.3 Where either Party interconnects and delivers traffic to the other from third parties, each Party shall bill such third parties the appropriate charges pursuant to its respective Tariffs or contractual offerings for such third-party terminations.

4.6.4.4 The following rates shall apply to Transit Traffic depending on the type of traffic being transited:

4.6.4.4.1 Transit of Local Traffic: Switching and transport rates will be charged to the originating Party, as contained in Article VII (Pricing).

4.6.4.4.2 Transit of IntraLATA Toll Traffic: A per-minute-of-use rate will be charged to the originating Party, as contained in CenturyLink's state access tariff.

4.6.4.4.3 Transit of Jointly-Provided Switched Exchange Access Service Traffic: The applicable Switched Access rates will be billed by the Parties to the IXC based on MECAB guidelines and each Party's respective FCC and state access Tariffs.

4.6.5 When CenturyLink receives an unqueried call from Pine Belt to a telephone number that has been ported to another local service provider, the transit rate and the LNP dip charge set forth in CenturyLink's applicable tariff shall apply.

4.7 Billing.

4.7.1 When direct connection is implemented, CenturyLink shall render to Pine Belt a bill for direct connection services on a current basis. Charges for physical facilities and other non-usage sensitive charges shall be billed in advance, except for charges and credits associated with the initial or final bills. Usage sensitive charges, such as charges for termination of Local Traffic, shall be billed in arrears.

4.7.2 Billing Specifications.

4.7.2.1 The Parties agree that billing requirements and outputs will be consistent with the Ordering & Billing Form (OBF) and also with Telcordia Technologies Billing Output Specifications (BOS).

- 4.7.2.2 Usage Measurement: Usage measurement for calls shall begin when Answer Supervision or equivalent Signaling System 7 (SS7) message is received from the terminating office and shall end at the time of call disconnect by the calling or called subscriber, whichever occurs first.
- 4.7.2.3 Minutes of use (MOU), or fractions thereof, shall not be rounded upward on a per-call basis, but will be accumulated over the billing period. At the end of the billing period, any remaining fraction shall be rounded up to the nearest whole minute to arrive at total billable minutes. MOU shall be collected and measured in minutes, seconds, and tenths of seconds.
- 4.7.2.4 In the event that either Party is capable of measuring, or has access to a measurement of traffic originating on CenturyLink's network, the charge to Pine Belt for Local Network Usage shall be based upon the actual traffic jurisdictions stipulating that traffic measurement process validation information must first be sent to the other Party.
- 4.7.2.5 The Parties contemplate that they may exchange non Local Traffic that originates from or terminates to Pine Belt end users with telephone numbers assigned to a rate center located within the (local) MTA over the Interconnection Facilities provided for under this Agreement. CenturyLink will report to **CRMS that traffic, if any, which is non-Local in nature. Pine Belt traffic that is non-Local in nature will be billed pursuant to the Traffic Factors in Article VII. Compensation for non-Local Traffic shall be subject to the appropriate intrastate or interstate access rates.

5.0 APPLICABILITY OF OTHER RATES, TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 5.1 Every interconnection and service provided hereunder, whether direct or indirect, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Article and this Agreement, which are legitimately related to such interconnection or service.

ARTICLE V: MAINTENANCE

1.0 GENERAL MAINTENANCE & REPAIR REQUIREMENTS

CenturyLink will provide maintenance and repair services for all Interconnection Facilities and trunks provided by CenturyLink under this Agreement. Such maintenance and repair services provided to Pine Belt shall be equal in quality to that which CenturyLink provides to itself, any subsidiary, Affiliate or third party. CenturyLink agrees to respond to Pine Belt trouble reports on a non-discriminatory basis consistent with the manner in which it provides service to its own retail End User Customers or to any other similarly initiated Telecommunications Carrier. Notwithstanding anything else in this Agreement, CenturyLink shall be required to provide maintenance and/or repair to Pine Belt only to the extent required by Applicable Law.

2.0 MAINTENANCE & REPAIR PROCEDURES

- 2.1 CenturyLink will provide a single point of contact (SPOC) for all of Pine Belt's maintenance and repair requirements under this Article (via a 1-800 number(s)) that will be answered twenty-four (24) hours per day, seven (7) days per week.
- 2.2 On a reciprocal basis, Pine Belt will provide CenturyLink with an SPOC for all maintenance and repair requirements under this Article (via a 1-800 number(s)) that will be answered twenty-four (24) hours per day, seven (7) days per week.
- 2.3 Pine Belt agrees to follow the process and procedures for reporting and resolving circuit trouble or repairs. Before contacting CenturyLink's Trouble Maintenance Center (CTMC), Pine Belt must first conduct trouble isolation to ensure that the trouble does not originate from Pine Belt's own equipment or network or the equipment of Pine Belt's customer.
- 2.5 If (a) Pine Belt reports to CenturyLink a trouble, (b) Pine Belt requests a dispatch, (c) CenturyLink dispatches a technician, and (d) such trouble was not caused by CenturyLink's facilities or equipment in whole or in part, then Pine Belt shall pay CenturyLink a charge set forth in CenturyLink's local tariff for time associated with said dispatch. Pine Belt accepts responsibility for initial trouble isolation and providing CenturyLink with appropriate dispatch information based on its test results. If, as the result of Pine Belt instructions, CenturyLink is erroneously requested to dispatch to a site on CenturyLink's company premises ("dispatch in"), a charge set forth in CenturyLink's local tariff will be assessed per occurrence to Pine Belt by CenturyLink. If as the result of Pine Belt's instructions, CenturyLink is erroneously requested to dispatch to a site outside of CenturyLink's company premises ("dispatch out"), a charge set forth in CenturyLink's local tariff will be assessed per occurrence to Pine Belt by CenturyLink.

2.5.1 Should no charges applicable to Section 2.5 above be documented in CenturyLink's local tariff, then CenturyLink shall determine Time and Materials charges pursuant to Article VII.

3.0 ESCALATION PROCEDURES

- 3.1 CenturyLink will provide Pine Belt with written escalation procedures for maintenance and repair resolution to be followed if any individual trouble ticket or tickets are not resolved in an appropriate fashion
- 3.2 On a reciprocal basis, Pine Belt will provide CenturyLink with contact and escalation information for coordination of all maintenance and repair issues.

4.0 EMERGENCY RESTORATION

- 4.1 Pine Belt may contact CenturyLink in order to discuss activities involving the Central Office and inter-office network that may impact Pine Belt End User Customers.
 - 4.1.1 CenturyLink will establish an SPOC to provide Pine Belt with information relating to the status of restoration efforts and problem resolution during any restoration process.
 - 4.1.2 CenturyLink shall establish methods and procedures for reprovisioning of all Interconnection Facilities and trunks after initial restoration. CenturyLink agrees that Telecommunications Service Priority ("TSP") services for Pine Belt carry equal priority with CenturyLink TSP services for restoration. CenturyLink will follow the guidelines established under the National Security Emergency Procedures (NSEP) plan and will follow TSP guidelines for restoration of emergency services in as expeditious a manner as possible on a non-discriminatory basis to respond to and recover from emergencies or disasters.

5.0 MISDIRECTED REPAIR CALLS

- 5.1 For misdirected repair calls, the Parties will provide their respective repair bureau contact number(s) to each other on a reciprocal basis and provide the End User Customer the correct contact number.
- 5.2 In responding to misdirected calls, neither Party shall make disparaging remarks about each other, nor shall they use these calls as a basis for internal referrals or to solicit End User Customers or to market services.

ARTICLE VI: ADDITIONAL SERVICES

1.0 NUMBER PORTABILITY

1.1 Definitions.

For purposes of this Section 1.0 governing number portability, the following definitions shall apply:

- 1.1.1 “Coordinated Hot Cut (CHC)” – A Coordinated Hot Cut is a combined and simultaneous effort between local service providers to perform the completion of a local service request order.
- 1.1.2 “Donor Party” – The Donor Party is the Party that is receiving the number port request and is relinquishing the ported number.
- 1.1.3 “Local Routing Number (LRN)”- A Local Routing Number is a ten (10)-digit number that is assigned to the network switching elements for the routing of calls in the network.
- 1.1.4 “Permanent Number Portability” (PNP) is the in-place long-term method of providing Number Portability (NP) using the LRN method.
- 1.1.5 “Recipient Party” – The Recipient Party is the Party that is initiating the number port request and is receiving the ported number.
- 1.1.6 “Ten-Digit Unconditional Trigger Method (TDT)” – TDT is an industry-defined PNP solution that utilizes the ten-digit Local Routing Number to provide for an automated process that permits the work at the Recipient Party’s switch to be done autonomously from the work at the Donor Party’s switch resulting in less downtime to the end-user.

1.2 Number Portability (NP).

- 1.2.1 Each Party will provide Local Number Portability and obtain End User Customer authorization in accordance with the Act, and applicable FCC rules, regulations and orders. The Parties recognize that the Act and the applicable FCC rules, regulations and orders do not mandate Location and Service Portability and the Parties will not submit orders for such non-mandated types of portability.
- 1.2.2 A Party requesting a number to be ported must send the other providing Party a Local Service Request (LSR). If a Party requests that the other Party port a number, the Parties shall comply with CenturyLink ordering processes and with applicable FCC rules, regulations and orders.
 - 1.2.2.1 Intentionally left blank
 - 1.2.2.2 Both Parties agree to provide a Firm Order Confirmation (FOC) to the Recipient Party for a simple port order.
 - 1.2.2.3 For purposes of this Article, the Parties will use a project management approach for the implementation of LSRs for large quantities of ported numbers (in excess of 50 per day) or for complex porting processes. With regard to such managed projects ("projects"), the Parties may negotiate implementation details

including, but not limited to: Due Date, Cutover Intervals and Times, Coordination of Technical Resources, and Completion Notice.

- 1.2.3 Local Number Portability (LNP) orders may not be expedited.
- 1.2.4 The Party receiving the LSR will bill the service order charge set forth in the Pricing Article for each LSR received. The Party will bill the charge for a LSR, regardless of whether that LSR is later supplemented, clarified or cancelled. Notwithstanding the foregoing, neither Party will bill an additional charge for supplements to any LSR submitted to clarify, correct, change or cancel a previously submitted LSR.
- 1.2.5 Regardless of the number of Location Routing Numbers (LRNs) used by a LEC in a LATA, CenturyLink will route traffic destined for Pine Belt's End User Customers via direct trunking where direct trunking has been established. In the event that direct trunking has not been established, such traffic shall be routed via a Tandem Switch.
- 1.2.6 When CenturyLink receives an unqueried call from Pine Belt to a telephone number that has been ported to another local services provider, the transit rate and a NP dip charge found in the applicable tariff will apply.
- 1.2.7 Neither Party shall be required to provide Number Portability under this Agreement for excluded numbers defined by FCC orders or other Applicable Law, as updated from time to time, including but not limited to: 500 NPAs; 900 NPAs; 950 and 976 NXX number services; and OCS NXXs (*i.e.*, numbers used internally by either Party for its own business purposes). The term "Official Communications Service (OCS)" means the internal telephone numbers used by CenturyLink or Pine Belt.
- 1.2.8 When a ported telephone number becomes vacant, ***e.g.***, the telephone number is no longer in service by the original End User Customer, the ported telephone number will snap-back to the LERG-assigned thousands block holder or the NXX code holder if pooling is being utilized in the Rate Center.
- 1.2.9 Each Party shall become responsible for the End User Customer's other telecommunications-related items, *e.g.*, E911, Operator Services, Line Information Database (LIDR), when it ports the end user's telephone number to its switch.

1.3 Cut-Over Process for Number Porting Orders

1.3.1 TDT Cut-Overs.

- 1.3.1.1 Where technically feasible, both Parties will use PNP-LRN cut-overs, which rely upon the Ten-Digit Unconditional Trigger Method (TDT) for porting numbers.
- 1.3.1.2 The Donor Party agrees to set the ten-digit unconditional trigger by 5:00 p.m. Central Time on the day before the scheduled due date.
- 1.3.1.3 The Donor Party agrees to remove the ten-digit unconditional trigger on the next Business Day, no earlier than 11:59 a.m., after the scheduled due date for the port and replace with a PNP trigger, unless the

Recipient Party requests otherwise by contacting the Donor Party and submitting a supplemental order.

1.3.2 Coordinated Hot Cuts (CHC).

1.3.2.1 Where the Parties agree or are required to implement a Coordinated Hot Cut (CHC) to effectuate a service cut-over, the Parties shall work cooperatively together.

1.3.2.2 Pricing for Number Portability Coordinated Hot Cuts (CHCs).

1.3.2.2.1 When a Recipient Party orders Coordinated Hot Cut (CHC) service, the Donor Party shall charge, and the Recipient Party shall pay, the applicable time, additional Time and Material Charges set forth in Article XI (Pricing).

1.3.2.2.2 For calculating "time" and/or "additional time" labor

charges, the time shall begin when the Donor Party receives the call from Recipient Party and ends when the Parties disconnect from the call.

2.0 911 SERVICES

1.0 GENERAL

This Article sets forth terms and conditions for 911 Service provided by CenturyLink to Pine Belt serving users in a geographic area where CenturyLink is the 911 Service Provider, as defined herein.

2.0 Definitions

2.1 As used herein and for the purposes of this Section the following terms will have the meanings set forth below. Any capitalized terms used in this Section which are not defined herein shall have the meaning set forth in the interconnection agreement.:

2.1.1 911 Service or 911- Basic 911 service provides a caller access to the appropriate PSAP by dialing a 3-digit universal telephone number (911). As used in this Agreement, references to 911 Service shall include E911 as defined herein, as appropriate.

2.1.2 "911 Service Provider- A 911 System Service Provider furnishes systems and support necessary to enable 9-1-1 calling for one or more Public Safety Answering Points (PSAPs) in a specific geographic area.

2.1.3 911 Trunk- a trunk capable of transmitting a 9-1-1 dialed call to the Selective Router, and used for the single purpose of the transmission of 9-1-1 calls in accordance with applicable NENA Standards

2.1.4 "ALI Database" - A database which stores information associated with end user customers' telephone numbers or shell records.

2.1.5 "Automatic Location Identification" or "ALI"- a record that includes the subscriber's name, (identified by ANI), street address, emergency service number and other predetermined information associated with the 911 caller's

telephone number, which is forwarded to the PSAP for display. Additional telephones with the same number as the calling party's (secondary locations, off-premise extensions, etc.); will be identified with the service address of the calling party's listed number.

- 2.1.6 "Automatic Number Identification" or "ANI" - A telephone number associated with the access line from which the call originates,, used for selective routing and for display at a Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) to identify the caller. It is the key field in an ALI database. Any reference to ANI in this Agreement shall be deemed to be inclusive of pANI, as appropriate.
- 2.1.7 "Company Identifier" or "Company ID" - a three to five (3 to 5) character identifier that distinguishes the entity providing voice service (e.g., wireline, wireless, VoIP, etc.) to the end user. The company identifier registry is maintained by NENA in a nationally accessible database.
- 2.1.8 "Database Management System" or "DBMS" - a system of manual procedures and computer programs used to create, store and update the data required to provide Selective Routing and/or Automatic Location Identification for 911 systems.
- 2.1.9 "Dynamic 911" - the provision of E911 service utilizing a call processing arrangement with pseudo ANIs for non call-path associated signaling and routing commonly associated with the delivery of mobile, nomadic or out-of-region calls.
- 2.1.10 "E911" (also referred to as "Expanded 911 Service" or "Enhanced 911 Service" or "E911 Service") – A telephone system which includes network switching, data base and Public Safety Answering Point premise elements capable of providing automatic location identification(ALI) data, selective routing, selective transfer, fixed transfer, and a call back number.
- 2.1.11 "Emergency Services" - Law enforcement, fire, ambulance, rescue, and medical services.
- 2.1.12 "Emergency Service Number" or "ESN" A three to five digit number that represents a unique combination of Emergency Service agencies in one or more ESZs.
- 2.1.13 "Emergency Service Zone or ESZ"- A geographical area that represents a unique combination of Emergency Service agencies that are within a PSAP jurisdiction.
- 2.1.14 "ESQK(Emergency Services Query Key)"- The ESQK identifies a call instance at a voice positioning center (VPC), and is associated with a particular SR/ESN combinationper NENA standards. The ESQK is expected to be a ten-digit North American Numbering Plan Number.
- 2.1.15 "Master Street Address Guide(MSAG)"- A data base of street names and house number ranges within their associated communities defining Emergency Service Zones (ESZs) and their associated Emergency Service Numbers (ESNs) to enable proper routing of 911 calls
- 2.1.16 "National Emergency Number Association" or "NENA" - A not-for-profit corporation established in 1982 to further the goal of "One Nation-One Number" for emergency calls. NENA is a networking source and promotes

research, planning, and training. NENA strives to educate, set standards and provide certification programs, legislative representation and technical assistance for implementing and managing 911 systems.

- 2.1.17 “Pseudo-ANI” or “pANI” - A 10 digit number that is used in place of ANI for E9-1-1 call routing and the delivery of dynamic ALI information(e.g to identify a wireless cell, cell sector, or PSAP to which the call should be routed). For purposes of this Article, references to pANI shall include ESQK, ESRD, and ESRK, as appropriate.
- 2.1.18 “Public Safety Answering Point” or “PSAP” - An entity to whom authority has been lawfully delegated to respond to public emergency telephone calls originating in a defined geographic area, and may include public safety agencies such as police, fire, emergency medical, etc., or a common bureau serving a group of such entities. A PSAP may act as a primary or secondary, which refers to the order in which calls are directed for answering. Primary PSAP is the PSAP to which 9-1-1 calls are routed directly from the Selective Router and Secondary PSAPs receive calls transferred from the primary PSAP.
- 2.1.19 “Selective Router” - The equipment used to route 911 calls to the proper PSAP, or other designated destinations, based upon the callers location information and other factors .
- 2.1.20 “Shell Records” - Those records necessary to populate the DBMS to enable Dynamic 911 call delivery and display methods, used to determine call routing and the appropriate provider responsible for providing the caller's ANI/ALI for display at the appropriate PSAP upon the answer of a 9-1-1 call. For purposes of this Section, references to 911 records shall include Shell Records, as appropriate

3.0 CenturyLink RESPONSIBILTIES

When CenturyLink is designated by the PSAP as the primary 911 Service Provider in a geographic area in which Pine Belt furnishes local telephone exchange service, CenturyLink shall have the following obligations

3.1 Call Routing

- 3.1.1 CenturyLink will switch 911 calls through the Selective Router to the designated primary PSAP or to designated alternate locations, according to routing criteria specified by the PSAP.
- 3.1.2 CenturyLink will forward the calling party number (ANI) it receives from Pine Belt and the associated 911 Automatic Location Identification (ALI) to the PSAP for display. If no ANI is forwarded by Pine Belt , CenturyLink will route the call to the “Default” ESN assigned to Pine Belt Entities’s 911 trunk group and will forward an identification code for display at the designated “Default” PSAP associated with that “Default” ESN. If the ANI is forwarded by Pine Belt but no ALI record is found in the 911 DBMS, CenturyLink will report this “No Record Found” condition to Pine Belt in accordance with NENA standards.

3.3 Facilities and Trunking

- 3.3.1 CenturyLink will provide transport facilities to interconnect Pine Belt to CenturyLink's SR, at standard CenturyLink Access tariff rates. Additionally,

when diverse facilities are requested by Pine Belt, CenturyLink will provide such diversity where technically feasible and facilities are available, at standard CenturyLink Access tariff rates.

- 3.3.2 Upon written request by Pine Belt, CenturyLink shall, in a timely fashion and at no charge, provide Pine Belt with a description of the geographic area (or rate centers) and PSAPs served by the 911 Selective Router(s) based upon the standards set forth in the May 1997 NENA Recommended Standards for Local Service Provider Interconnection Information Sharing, or any subsequent revision(s) thereto.

3.4 Database

- 3.4.1 Where CenturyLink manages the ALI database, CenturyLink shall store Pine Belt end user 911 records.
- 3.4.2 Where CenturyLink is the ALI database provider, CenturyLink shall coordinate access to the CenturyLink DBMS for the initial loading and updating of Pine Belt's end user 911 records. For such purposes, CenturyLink will provide Pine Belt with access to "WebDBMS", which is a customer interface to the DBMS which restricts Pine Belt access to Pine Belt end user records only, and is used for viewing and coordinating electronic file processing of such end user records. CenturyLink shall provide Pine Belt with a password to the WebDBMS, and Pine Belt shall be responsible for maintaining confidentiality and use of such password.
- 3.4.4 CenturyLink ALI database shall accept electronically transmitted files that are based upon NENA standards. Manual Entry shall only be allowed in the event the DBMS is not functioning, or if CenturyLink has specifically agreed pursuant to separate written terms setting forth such arrangements, including compensation at the rates found in the Pricing Article.
- 3.4.5 CenturyLink will provide an error and status report for [CMRS's] end user records received from Pine Belt. This report will be provided in a timely fashion in accordance with the methods and procedures to be provided to Pine Belt.
- 3.4.6. Where CenturyLink manages the ALI database, CenturyLink shall provide Pine Belt with one electronic file containing the Master Street Address Guide (MSAG) annually for each county in the State for which this contract is applicable, in which CenturyLink is the 911 Service Provider, and in which Pine Belt exchanges Local Traffic with CenturyLink. Additional = MSAG files are available at the rate set forth in the Pricing Article.
- 3.4.7 Where CenturyLink manages the ALI database, CenturyLink shall establish a process for the management of NPA splits by populating the ALI database with the appropriate NPA codes.

1.0 4.0 PINE BELT RESPONSIBILITIES

- 4.1 Where CenturyLink is the 911 Service Provider, Pine Belt shall have the obligations in this Section.
- 4.2 Call Routing
 - 4.2.1 Pine Belt will transport 911 calls to the applicable CenturyLink Selective Router.

- 4.2.2 Pine Belt will forward the ANI information of the party calling 911 to the applicable CenturyLink Selective Router.

4.3 Facilities and Trunking

- 4.3.2 Pine Belt shall order and maintain a minimum of one 911 dedicated DS1 facility for each SR with a minimum of two one-way outgoing DS0 trunks dedicated for originating 911 calls to reach each applicable PSAP served by such SR. Pine Belt will provision these facilities in accordance with applicable NENA standards; Pine Belt shall engineer its 911 Trunks to attain a minimum P.01 grade of service as measured using the "busy day/busy hour" criteria or, at such higher grade of service as required by Applicable Law or duly authorized governmental authority.
- 4.3.1 Pine Belt acknowledges that end users in a single local calling area may be served by different SRs, and that Pine Belt shall be responsible for providing sufficient transport facilities and trunking to route 911 calls from its end users to each of the proper 911 SR's.
- 4.3.3 Pine Belt is responsible for providing a separate 911 trunk group for each county or other geographic area that Pine Belt serves if the PSAP for such county or geographic area has a specified varying default routing condition. Where PSAPs do not have the technical capability to receive a 10-digit ANI, 911 traffic must be transmitted over a separate 911 trunk group for each NPA (area code) served by that PSAP.
- 4.3.3 Pine Belt Where diverse routing to CenturyLink SR's is desired by Pine Belt or required by the applicable PSAP or as otherwise necessary for the proper routing of 911 calls to the appropriate PSAP, then Pine Belt is responsible for ordering such facilities at Pine Belt's expense.
- 4.3.4 Pine Belt is responsible for determining and maintaining the proper quantity of 911 dedicated one-way outgoing trunks and facilities from its switch(es) to the CenturyLink Selective Router(s).
- 4.3.5 Pine Belt shall monitor its 911 trunks for the purpose of determining originating network traffic volumes. If [CMRS]'s traffic study indicates that additional trunks are needed to meet the current level of 911 call volumes, Pine Belt shall order additional dedicated 911 facilities from CenturyLink at the rates set forth in the Pricing Article.
- 4.3.6 Pine Belt agrees that it will not pass live 911 traffic until successful testing is completed by both parties.

4.4 Selective Router Port Charges/Terminations for Connecting Companies

- 4.4.1 Pine Belt will be charged a monthly recurring and one-time selective router port charge per trunk to establish the connection to each applicable SR that provides connectivity for incoming 911 trunks to enable competitive local exchange carrier access to the emergency services network.

4.5 Database

- 4.5.1 Once 911 Trunks have been established and tested between Pine Belt and appropriate Selective Routers, Pine Belt shall be responsible for providing Pine Belt's records to CenturyLink for inclusion in CenturyLink's ALI database.
- 4.5.2 Pine Belt shall assign a 911 database coordinator charged with the responsibility of forwarding Pine Belt end user ALI record information to CenturyLink.
- 4.5.3 Pine Belt shall provide initial and ongoing updates of Pine Belt's 911 Records that are MSAG-valid in electronic format based upon established NENA standards. CMRS shall provide information on new subscribers to CenturyLink within one (1) business day of the order completion. CenturyLink shall update the database within two (2) Business Days of receiving the data from CMRS. If CenturyLink detects an error in the CMRS provided data, the data shall be returned to CMRS within two (2) Business Days from when it was provided to CenturyLink. CMRS shall respond to requests from CenturyLink to make corrections to database record errors by uploading corrected records within two (2) Business Days. Manual entry shall be allowed only in the event that the system is not functioning properly or if CenturyLink has specifically agreed pursuant to separate written terms setting forth such arrangements, including compensation at the rates found in the Pricing Article.
- 4.5.4 Pine Belt assumes all responsibility for the accuracy of the data that Pine Belt or their agent provides to CenturyLink.
- 4.5.5 CMRS shall adopt use of a Company ID on all Pine Belt 911 Records in accordance with NENA standards. The Company ID is used to identify the carrier of record in facility configurations.
- 4.5.6 Pine Belt shall be solely responsible for providing test records and conducting call-through testing on all new exchanges.

4.6 Other

- 4.6.1 Pine Belt shall obtain its own pANI's for each PSAP to which CenturyLink provides or shall provide coverage, and shall supply these pANI's to CenturyLink for the Selective Routers servicing each such PSAP. If warranted by traffic volume growth, or if upon request by a PSAP or other governmental or quasi-governmental entity, Pine Belt shall promptly obtain the appropriate number of additional pANI's to be allocated to each PSAP as may be appropriate under the circumstances.
- 4.6.2 Pine Belt is responsible for collecting from its retail end users any applicable 911 surcharges required by law to be assessed and remit such surcharges to the appropriate entity or entities specified by law.

5.0 RESPONSIBILITIES OF BOTH PARTIES

- 5.0 The Parties shall jointly coordinate the provisioning of transport capacity sufficient to route originating 911 calls from Pine Belt to the designated CenturyLink 911 Selective Router(s).
- 5.1 Where SS7 connectivity is available and required by the applicable PSAP, the Parties agree to implement Common Channel Signaling trunking rather than CAMA MF trunking.
- 5.2 CenturyLink and Pine Belt will cooperate to promptly test all trunks and facilities between Pine Belt's switch and the CenturyLink SR(s) in accordance with industry standards.
- 5.3 Pine Belt is responsible for the isolation, coordination and restoration of all 911 network maintenance problems on its network(including any facilities not leased from CenturyLink). CenturyLink will be responsible for the isolation, coordination and restoration of all 911 network maintenance problems on CenturyLink's network. Pine Belt is responsible for advising CenturyLink of the 2-6 Code (TSC)and the fact that the trunk group is a 911 trunk group when notifying CenturyLink of a failure or outage. The Parties agree to work cooperatively and expeditiously to resolve any 911 outage. CenturyLink will refer network trouble to Pine Belt if no defect is found in CenturyLink's 911 network. The Parties agree that 911 network problem resolution will be managed expeditiously at all times.

6.0 CenturyLink 911 TRANSIT SERVICE

- 6.1. When CenturyLink is not the Primary 911 Service Provider, CenturyLink may provide a 911 transit service to transport Pine Belt's 911 calls to the primary 911 network service provider designated by the applicable PSAP(s). This section become applicable when Pine Belt utilizes 911 transit service from Centurylink. Transit service is subject to the rates set forth in the Pricing Article, which 911 transit charges shall be in addition to any applicable charges for 911 Service provided to Pine Belt.
- 6.2. Where Pine Belt utilizes CenturyLinks 911 transit service,
 - 6.2.1.Pine Belt holds CenturyLink harmless from and against any liability to Pine Belt or its end users arising from any failure by PSAP(s) or their designated agent(s) to properly route, receive or respond to 911 calls.
 - 6.2.2.CMRS] will take appropriate steps to notify all PSAP(s) within Pine Belt's service territory with accurate contact information, including a name and telephone number that can be used by the PSAP(s) to reach Pine Belt in the event of 911 network problems or an emergency requiring availability of a contact.
 - 6.2.3.CenturyLink shall be entitled to immediately terminate 911 transit service to the Pine Belt if CenturyLink is advised by any applicable PSAP(s) that Pine Belt has not provided the PSAP(s) with appropriate contact information.
 - 6.2.4.CenturyLink shall have no liability to Pine Belt arising out of any failure by the Pine Belt to provide PSAP(s) with appropriate contact information, and to update such information as needed.
- 5.4 Pine Belt indemnifies CenturyLink from and against fees or charges, if any, that a third party might seek to assess for transporting Pine Belt's 911 calls beyond the point of interconnection established between CenturyLink and the PSAP(s) designated agent or the primary 911 service provider.

7.0 METHODS AND PRACTICES

- 7.1 Each Party will comply with all of the following to the extent that they apply to 911 Service:
- (i) all FCC and applicable state Commission rules and regulations,
 - (ii) any requirements imposed by any Governmental Authority other than a Commission.

8.0 ORDERING

- 8.1 Pine Belt will identify geographic territory Pine Belt will provide service in trunk forecast submitted to CenturyLink. Pine Belt will be informed of the applicable selective router(s) and configuration required by CenturyLink as part of the pre-ordering process.
- 8.2 Pine Belt is responsible for contacting appropriate PSAP(s) or state entity(ies) that have jurisdiction in the geographic area(s) in which Pine Belt is implementing service in, and to provide required information to such PSAP(s) or government entity(ies) as required by such PSAP(s) or government entity(ies) prior to initiating the pre-ordering process for 911 Service provided by CenturyLink .
- 8.3

9.0 BASIS OF COMPENSATION

- 9.1 Compensation to CenturyLink for provision of 911 Service will be in accordance with the rates set forth in the Pricing Article.

Charges will begin on the date of connection to 911 Service. 9.3 In satisfaction of Pine Belt orders or requests related to 911 Service, CenturyLink may be required to make expenditures or otherwise incur costs that are not otherwise listed in the Pricing Article. In such event CenturyLink is entitled to reimbursement from Pine Belt for all such costs provided that CenturyLink first notifies Pine Belt of the costs and obtains Pine Belt's concurrence to proceed with fulfilling the order or request. For all such costs and expenses CenturyLink shall receive through individual case basis (ICB's) non-recurring charges ("NRCs") the actual costs and expenses incurred, including labor costs and expenses, overhead and fixed charges, and may include a reasonable contribution to CenturyLink's common costs.

10.0 LIABILITY

- 10.1 911 Service is provided by CenturyLink subject to State statutory limitation of liability and the following subsections.
- 10.2 CenturyLink's entire liability to Pine Belt or any person for interruption or failure of any aspect of 911 shall be limited by the terms set forth in this section, the Rules and Regulations section of this Article, and in any sections of other Articles which apply to the provision by CenturyLink. 911 is offered solely to assist Pine Belt in providing 911 in conjunction with applicable fire, police, and other public safety agencies. By providing 911 to Pine Belt, CenturyLink does not create any relationship or obligation, direct or indirect, to any third party other than Pine Belt.
- 10.3 CenturyLink shall not be liable for civil damages, whether in contract, tort or otherwise, to any person, corporation, or other entity for any loss or damage caused by any act or omission of CenturyLink or its employees, agents or contractors, in the design, development, installation, maintenance, or provision of any aspect of service other than an act or omission constituting gross negligence or wanton or willful misconduct. However, in no event shall CenturyLink's liability to any person, corporation, or other

entity for any loss or damage exceed an amount equal to the prorated allowance of the rate for the service or facilities provided to Pine Belt for the time such interruption to service or facilities continues, after notice by Pine Belt to CenturyLink. No allowance shall be made if the interruption is due to the negligence of Pine Belt. In no event shall CenturyLink be held liable or responsible for any indirect, incidental, consequential, punitive, special, or exemplary damages associated with the provision of 911 Service.

- 10.4 Pine Belt shall indemnify and hold harmless CenturyLink from any damages, claims, causes of action, or other injuries whether in contract, tort, or otherwise which may be asserted by any person, business, governmental agency, or other entity against CenturyLink as a result of any act or omission of Pine Belt or any of its employees, directors, officers, contractors or agents in connection with designing, developing, adopting, implementing, maintaining, or operating any aspect of 911 or for releasing subscriber information, including non-published or unlisted information in connection with the provision of 911 Service.
- 10.5 CenturyLink shall not be liable or responsible for any indirect, incidental, consequential, punitive, special, or exemplary damages associated with the provision of 911 Service when any 911 call originates from a system or line which makes the provision of specific location information impossible to provide for technical reasons. These technical reasons can include, but are not limited to, technical inability to provide subscriber information associated with multi-party lines, or private telecommunications services, such as PBXs or shared tenant services and calls originating over Centrex lines.
- 10.6 CenturyLink shall not be liable or responsible for any indirect, incidental, consequential, punitive, special, or exemplary damages associated with the provision of any aspect of 911 Service when there is a failure of or interruption due to the attachment of any equipment by Pine Belt to CenturyLink facilities. Pine Belt may, with the prior written consent of CenturyLink, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, attach features, devices, or equipment of other vendors to the equipment or network facilities provided by CenturyLink. Said attachments, devices, or equipment must meet all applicable federal and state registration or certification standards. CenturyLink reserves the right to refuse attachments if CenturyLink determines that said attachments will degrade 911 Service, CenturyLink facilities, or otherwise affect its operations.
- 10.7 CenturyLink shall not be liable for any civil damages, whether in contract, tort, or otherwise, caused by an act or omission of CenturyLink in the good faith release of information not in the public record, including nonpublished or nonlisted subscriber information to PSAP's or other agencies responding to calls using such information to provide 911 Service.
- 10.8 It is the obligation of Pine Belt to properly route all 911 calls from Pine Belt's end users. Neither Pine Belt nor CenturyLink shall have any responsibility for 911 calls that carry foreign dial tone, whether they originate within or outside of Pine Belt's service area.
- 10.9 CenturyLink shall not be liable for any mistakes, omissions, interruptions, delays, errors or defects in transmission or service caused or contributed to by acts or omissions act of any person other than CenturyLink, or arising from the use of Pine Belt provided facilities or equipment.

ARTICLE VII: PRICING
(T-801, T-802)

I. GENERAL PRICING

Pre-ordering

Account Establishment	\$261.85
Customer Service Record Request Per Account	
Automated	\$3.65
Manual	\$13.21

“Service Order Charge” for all LSRs
(including Number Portability and NID LSRs)

Simple	\$ 9.24
Complex	\$ 14.35

Custom Handling

Expedite Charges per Access Tariff	Special Access Tariff
Coordinated Hot Cut	
Standard Interval – Per Qtr. Hour	\$ 30.72
Additional Interval	\$ 26.97
Time and Materials	Individual Case Basis (ICB)

Application of NRCs

Pre-ordering:

“Account Establishment” is a one-time charge applied the first time that either Party orders any service from the other Party, including a port.

“Automated Customer Service Record Request” is a request for the CSR of a Party’s end user through a Party’s automated ordering system. An Automated CSR non-recurring charge will be billed to the requesting Party, as set forth in this Agreement, for each instance of a query by Billing Account Number (“BAN”) or Telephone Number. For purposes of

clarification, a single CSR non-recurring charge shall apply to queries by a BAN which return multiple Telephone Numbers. Further, an Automated CSR non-recurring charge will also apply to Manual CSR Requests when a Party's automated ordering system is otherwise unavailable during normal business hours for submission of Automated CSR requests.

"Manual Customer Service Record Request" is a request for service information on a Party's end user that is submitted outside of the Party's automated ordering system; e.g., via fax, physical email or electronic email. Until such time as an Automated CSR Request for a Centrex customer may be submitted via a Party's automated ordering system, the Parties acknowledge that the Manual CSR Request applies for such requests. For CenturyLink, Manual CSR requests shall be sent by email to the center, utilizing the following email address: dctr-neac-offices@centurylink.com . A Manual CSR non-recurring charge will be billed to the requesting Party, as set forth in this Agreement, based on each BAN or Telephone Number requested in the manual submission. For purposes of clarification, a single CSR non-recurring charge shall apply to manual requests by a BAN which return multiple Telephone Numbers.

Service Order Charges:

Except for a Service Order Charge as provided herein, neither Party shall charge the other Party for activities related to the porting of numbers. A Service Order Charge for an LNP Local Service Request (LSR) will be applicable when a Party submits an LSRs for any reason other than for a standalone CSR (Customer Search Record for CPNI) or DSR (Directory Service Request for a Listing only) purposes. The Service Order Charge is for administrative order processing not recovered through other charges for services or facilities. A Party will bill the Service Order Charge for an LSR regardless if the LSR is later supplemented, clarified or cancelled. Standalone CSR and DSR orders will be billed the specified charges for such services.

There are two types of LSR Charges:

Simple: Simple LSRs are orders that encompass 1 through 14 lines per order, to the extent that such orders do not otherwise fall within the definition of Complex orders.

Complex: Complex LSRs are orders that require project management and will require the negotiations of due date interval; such as, data orders for ISDN, multi-line Centrex orders, or requests in excess of the Simple LSR per order limitation.

Notwithstanding any other terms of this Agreement, should a LSR be rejected on the basis that the validation criteria are incorrect and it is subsequently demonstrated that the LSR correctly reflects the data for the validation fields as are on the CSR, the submitting party shall not be charged for re-submitting the LSR, including any supplemental or change order charges. Further, a charge for a CSR shall not apply if a Party is required to request a CSR to demonstrate that information on the LSR is consistent with a CSR.

Custom Handling (These NRCs are in addition to any Pre-ordering or Ordering and Provisioning NRCs):

“Service Order Expedite” applies if a Party requests service prior to the standard due date intervals.

“Coordinated Hot Cut” applies when the LSR requests a Coordinated Hot Cut - a combined and simultaneous effort between CenturyLink and COMCAST to perform the completion of a local service request order.

“Time and Materials” charges apply for non-standard or individual-case-basis work requested by a Party.

II. INTERCONNECTION PRICING

Interconnection pricing will be applied as defined and pursuant to the terms in Article IV.

A. Reciprocal Compensation

Local Traffic excluding Local Traffic that is also Information Access / ISP-Bound Traffic (If invoked pursuant to Article IV, Section 4.2)	Bill and Keep
Local Traffic that is also Information Access / ISP-Bound Traffic	Bill and Keep

B. Transiting Charge for indirect landline to mobile traffic subject to 47 CFR §51.709(c):	<u>\$.005</u>
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C. Indirect Network Connection:	
Switched Transport- Facility	TBD
Tandem Switched Transport- Termination	TBD

D. Traffic Factors:

For the quantity of traffic delivered by Pine Belt to the network of CenturyLink, the Parties agree to the following distribution of traffic:

Traffic Originated by Pine Belt and Terminated to CenturyLink

% Local Traffic	<u>95%</u>
% Intrastate InterMTA traffic	<u>5%</u>
% Interstate InterMTA traffic	<u>0%</u>

III. EMERGENCY SERVICES PRICING


911 Pricing	MRC	NRC
Facilities		
DS1 where muxing is not required; requirement determined by CenturyLink and varies by SR	Refer to applicable special access tariff	Refer to applicable special access tariff
DS1 where muxing is required; requirement determined by CenturyLink and varies by SR	Refer to applicable switched access tariff	Refer to applicable switched access tariff
Multiplexing DS1-DS0(shelf only, rate does not include cards); (where required by Centurylink, varies by SR)	Refer to applicable Access Tariff	Refer to applicable Access Tariff
Selective Router Ports		
DS0 911 Trunk Port Per port (minimum of two ports required per DS1 facility)	\$110	\$300
Transit Service		
DS0 charge for 911 transit service per port(min of two ports required)	\$40	
911 Database		

MSAG Report- per report applicable to this contract pulled		\$250
Wireless and VOIP additive Per PSAP	\$100	
<u>Manual 911 ALI record upload, per record</u>		\$25.00
in addition to the charges listed above, the following charges, or charges in applicable wholesale 911 tariffs may apply as determined by CenturyLink on an ICB basis per geographic serving area		
Database Administration- per Database	\$384	
Each Non-Century Subscriber Record which CenturyLink verifies via the MSAG	\$.08	\$.35

SIGNATURE PAGE

Pine Belt Cellular, Inc. d/b/a Pine Belt Wireless


**CenturyTel of Alabama d/b/a
CenturyLink**

Signature:  7665BE1CACE2411...

Name: John C. Nettles

Title: President

Date: 8/21/2012

Signature:  05E9FC68BD57454...

Name: L. T. Christensen

Title: Director – Wholesale Contracts

Date: 8/28/2012